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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER

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Statistics show that 292,160 persons in New York City cannot speak English.

Thirteen million copies of Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermons are published each week in this country.

Two drawings, done by the German Crown Prince for charity, were sold recently at auction for 300 and 105 marks respectively.

Chief Justice Waite is said to have left unfinished an important monograph on the title under which are held the lands of Northwestern Ohio.

The drainage of the everglades of Florida has progressed to such extent that large areas of rich land have been laid bare, and with sugar cane and other crops growing on it. This region is below the line of frost.

According to Munhall's dictionary of statistics the average age of all the people living in France is thirty-two years, two months and 12 days. In the United States the average is only twenty-four years, ten months and twenty-four days.

A number of influential citizens of Montreal, Canada, have petitioned the council of that city to authorize the erection of a statue of the Virgin Mary in a public square. They think that if the Virgin Mary is thus honored the city will escape such disasters as floods and smallpox.

The king of Holland is regularly enrolled as a parliamentary elector, standing on the printed list as follows: "No. 4909. Name—Of the Low Countries. Christian name—William III. Alexander Paul Frederick Louis. Occupation—King. Residence—Noordeinde, 68. Taxation—6976fl. 17c."

Soldiers in the Russian army are said to be cured of intemperance by a curious and heroic method. The inebriate is locked up and given only food boiled in his favorite spirit and water. He soon becomes horribly sick, but is kept on this diet until the very sight or scent of spirit creates in him an inextinguishable loathing for it.

Among the prominent defensive measures on the German frontier, the War Office has decided to construct two new forts at Thorn and another bridge over the Vistula, near Dirschau, with a strategic railway over the bridge. The contractors are instructed to employ only German workmen. Hitherto Russian Poles have been employed on fort work in the East.

A two-story wooden building in Savannah, Ga., that was erected by the members of Solomon's lodge in 1799, and was used by the Masonic fraternity until 1858, has just been torn down to make room for a handsome structure. Many a noted Georgian has been initiated into Masonry within its walls, and it was there, in 1850, that General Lopez, the Cuban patriot, who was soon after garroted in Havana, was made a Mason.

Quinine is constantly reported as superceded, but somehow it has thus far managed to hold its own pretty well. Now a certain Herr Gottlob Adolf Krause has returned from a two years' voyage to Africa, during which he has visited regions hitherto unexplored by Europeans, and one of the things he has brought home is a new fever remedy which he declares has in his experience often proved efficacious when quinine has failed. The increase of the list of remedies and of the general distrust in all of them go on together in these days with some rapidity.

The Epoch thinks that the noble words of Empress Victoria of Germany must strike a responsive chord in the heart of every woman connected with the international Council of Women. Here are the sentiments which actuate Germany's empress: "The moral and intellectual education of women, the sanitary condition of the laboring classes, and the improvement of the facilities by which women may earn a livelihood will constantly be before her. The noblest vocation of a princess, she says, is an untiring activity in the work of ameliorating the suffering of the classes. Owing to the difficulty of her task she is doubtful whether she will succeed as well as her heart desires."

The projectors of the scheme to construct an underground rapid transit system in New York city, are sanguine of success, and says that enough money has already been promised to construct a tunnel under the East river between the New York and Brooklyn city halls, in order to give a practical demonstration of the feasibility of the enterprise. From estimates based upon the work of constructing the new Croton aqueduct, it is asserted that the whole tunnel could be excavated, working from fifty shafts, in two years. The total expense is computed at $30,000,000, of which only $13,200,000, is for tunnel excavation. The lining of the tunnel, estimated at $6,500,000, the cost of real estate for terminals and stations, track laying, ventilating machinery and equipment of the road consume the larger half of the estimate. Surveys and soundings have been made and plans drawn. The projectors profess to be willing to carry passengers at a uniform rate of five cents for any distance, relying upon the revenue to be derived from freight transfer to pay the interest on the investment and afford a profit.

Spring Morning.

Sweet the air,
Sky how fair!
Day doth break;
Misty cloud
In a shroud
Winds the lake.

Mountain peak
Heaven doth seek,
Crimson tipped;
'Tis a maid
White arrayed,
Cherry-lipped!

Chanticleer
Croweth near,
Oxen low,
Birdlings call,
On the wall
Squirrels go.

Sun is up;
Full the cup
Of our day;
Homeward walk,
Cheery talk
All the way.

A STRANGE GUEST.

"You're sure you won't be lonesome, Jennie?'

Farmer John Harmon stood in the glow of the broad fireplace, wrapped in his great-coat and muffler, his fur cap pulled down about his ears, and his whip in his hand, while the pawing hoofs of his impatient horses crunched the snow outside. He stooped as he spoke, and lifted his little daughter's chin till the clear, brown eyes looked up, with the frank smile which always warmed his heart.

"No, indeed, father! How could I be lonesome with such a little chatterbox as Tony? Hark! I do believe he's waking now, the darling!"

"I'm sorry that Manda Lawson couldn't have come to stay with you, but, of course, if Jack's sick, it stands to reason that she can't leave him. But Steve and I'll be back before dark, never fear. Hullo! you were right, Jennie. Here comes the little general!'

A chubby boy of three years old appeared in his night-gown from the adjoining room, with cheeks rosy, and yellow curls tangled from his morning nap. The father caught him in his strong arms, and held him, shrieking with laughter, above his head.

"Father's little man! Waked up to say good-by. He'll take good care of sister, won't he?"

The child leaped into the young girl's outstretched arms, and hid his face upon her shoulder.

"Well, good-by Jennie!" He paused a moment, a wistful look creeping over his strong, sun-browned face. "You're liker your mother every day, my girl."

"Father! Father!" called a cheery voice outside.

"Coming, Steve!"

The door opened and let in a great wave of frosty air, and, as it closed behind him, the sturdy farmer clambered to a seat beside his son, and, with crack of whip and jingle of bells, the laden sleigh slipped cheerily away.

Jennie stood at the window, still holding the child. She was just fourteen, although her slight, childish figure made her seem younger than that by two or three years. The death of her mother when Tony was but a helpless babe had thrown premature burdens upon her young shoulders, burdens which she had borne with a patient, unselfish courage far beyond her years.

Jennie was quite used to be left alone with her little charge, while her father and brother were away at work, so it was with no special sense of loneliness that she watched the moving sleigh until it was lost at a sharp turn of the forest-bordered road-way. As the nearest neighbor lived a mile distant, she could scarcely expect visitors on such a day.

She turned away at last, and, taking her place on a low seat before the fire, proceeded to dress the child, making merry game of the task, as she told over and over on his pink toes the story of the "five little pigs."

Then, when she had given him his breakfast of bread and milk, and placed on the floor a box of well-worn playthings, she went briskly about her own household tasks. The market-town to which her father and brother had gone, was fully fifteen miles away, and, once there, they must wait for the grinding of their load of grain.

"We shall have a long day to ourselves, Tony dear," said Jenny more to herself than to the child; "but there'll be plenty to do, for sister must bake the bread and cakes for Sunday, and father and Steve will be wanting a good hot supper tonight."

"Tony help sister!" lisped the boy.

"Yes, Tony shall help sister, and sister will fry him a doughnut man."

Clapping his chubby hands, the child drew his little cricket to the table, where, by climbing upon it, he could overlook his sister's operations at her moulding-board; and thus, with frolic and cheer, the short winter day wore on.

But the sky, which had been bright at early morning, grew gradually overcast with clouds, and Jennie saw from the window a heavy mist filling all the air.

A few feathery flakes came floating down as she spoke, and these proved to be but the forerunners of a mighty host, as the storm settled over the landscape. Hour after hour passed. There were no longer any tracks to be discerned along the narrow road-way which was the only avenue through the forest.

It grew presently so dark inside the cabin that Jennie was fain to place a lighted lamp upon the table, and seat herself to listen for the first sound of distant sleigh-bells. Toney curled himself upon her lap, and soon lost himself in sleep.

Suddenly Jennie heard the muffled sound of a horse's hoofs upon the snow. A shadow darkened the window, and a moment later a heavy knock resounded upon the door. Jennie hastened to open it, with Tony still awakened, in her arms.

The visitor, who stood holding his horse by the bridle-rein, was a large, powerful-looking man, dressed in hunter's garb, with a brace of pistols in his leathern belt.

Some little city-bred maiden might have fainted with fright at so formidable an apparition, but Jennie was well accustomed to the rough exterior of the backwoodsman. The stranger looked at her keenly, as the firelight shone upon her little figure with Tony's golden head nestled against her shoulder.

"I've been caught in the storm. Can I stay all night?" he said.

"Come in, sir," answered Jennie, heartily. "We are all alone,---I and the baby,---for my father and brother are gone to town; but I expect them home every minute, and I'm sure they wouldn't like me to let any one go on in the storm. You can put your horse in the stable yonder."

Without replying, the man led away his horse in the direction indicated, whence he soon returned, and taking his place in front of the hearth, proceeded to dry his wet garments. His face, which evidently had once shown fine lines, wore a hard and bitter expression, as the flickering shadows played over his bent head and averted eyes. A vague discomfort crept over the spirit of the little hostess.

"I wonder if he's sick, poor man! he looks so miserable-like," she thought. Then she said aloud, "If you haven't been to supper, sir, I could take you up some of the pork and beans I'm keeping hot for father and Steve, and I could make you a cup of tea in a minute."

"I don't want anything," answered the man, still without looking up.

Little Tony, who, by this time, was broad awake, had slipped from Jennie's arms, and stood with great, blue, wondering eyes fixed upon the stranger. It was something wholly new to Tony's short experience to find himself unnoticed by a visitor, and he was evidently pondering deeply the problem of this unsolved personality.

He walked slowly up and down the room, at each turn approaching a little nearer the grim, silent figure before the hearth. At last he paused, and stepping yet closer, laid a small, soft hand upon the man's knee. Still there was no response. The child's breast heaved, his breath came thickly, and a grieved expression curled his rosy lip.

"Man," he said, with a tremulous baby accent, "why don't 'oo love little boys?"

The stranger started, and a spasm of uncontrollable emotion swept over his bearded face. He turned upon the child, whose bright hair shone like a glory about his head, and with a swift, involuntary action, drew him into his arms. Some marvellous change had transfigured his face and softened the hard lines like ice before the sun.

He held the child close, murmuring over him some inarticulate expressions of fondness, while Tony, on his part, accepted most graciously the tardy homage, tugged at the stranger's watch-guard, and laughed so merrily that Jennie could not repress a soft echo from her own corner.

The man looking up, transfixed her with the same keen gaze as at his entrance, only that now some new element was added,—a questioning almost painful in its intensity. Looking at him, one would have said that the man felt all his fate hanging upon the answer which the young girl should give.

"Are you afraid of me?" he said.

"Afraid?" repeated Jennie, in gentle surprise. "Why, no, sir! Surely you wouldn't do any harm to Tony or me."

"No more would I, so help me God!'

He rose and stretched himself to his full height, like one relieved from some intolerable burden.

"And now, my girl," he said, cheerily, "you may give me some of the pork and beans you spoke of,—they're mighty warming on a night like this."

Jennie sprang up with a pleased alacrity, and having placed a bountiful portion upon the table, drew a chair beside it.

"I can't see why father don't come!" she said anxiously. A curious expression flitted across the man's face, which she did not notice.

"Don't you fret, child," he said. the snow's drifting so that 'twould be nothing strange if they had to stop all night at some house along the road. But never you mind! I'll do the chores for you—you've got the cattle and things to see after, I reckon—and then I'll bring in some more logs for the fire."

"How kind you are, sir! I'm sure father will thank you a thousand times."

"Thank me yourself, child! I'm not doing it for your father. It's long since anybody had cause to thank me, and the sound is sweet."

He opened the door and went out through the blinding snow. Returning a half-hour later, he replenished the fire, raking the coals together till a red blaze mounted high in the great chimney. Then catching up Tony in his night gown, he made him laugh with a story before being carried off to bed.

"Your folks can't possibly get home tonight," he said, when Jennie reappeared, having left her little charge quietly sleeping. It storms harder every minute. But they'll be along bright and early in the morning, so don't you mind, but go and lie down with the boy, and I'll camp here in front of the fire."

"But you won't be comfortable, sir."

Once more the peculiar expression flitted across the man's face.

"Comfortable! I'll get the sweetest rest I've had for many a long night!"

Jennie did as she was bidden. She threw herself, still dressed, on the couch beside her little brother. It was long before she slept, for as the storm beat against the window panes, she could not repress a sharp anxiety for the safety of those she loved.

"What should I have done if this man had not come?" she thought. "He may be odd, but he is very, very kind."

She lost consciousness at last, and when she awoke the storm was over, and the sunshine streamed in at the eastern window. As she sprang up, hardly able to collect the scattered memories of the previous night, the sound of distant bells came to her ears.

"They are coming!" she cried, joyfully. Hastily she opened the door of the living-room. It was empty, and the fire smouldered low on the hearth. Her strange guest had gone suddenly and unannounced as he had come.

"He didn't wait to see father, and he had no breakfast," mourned poor Jennie. "What must he have thought of me to sleep so late as this?"

She ran to the outer door just as her father's sleigh came in sight—the stout horses struggling bravely through the heavy drifts. A cheerful hallo rang out, answered by her own clear, joyful tones. The sleigh reached the door, and in a moment Jennie was in her father's arms.

"My poor little girl! You are safe. I was afraid—hasn't anybody been here?'

"Oh yes; we haven't been lonesome, either, have we, Tony? A man came—he had been caught in the storm—and he was so good! He fed the cattle and made the fire, but—only think!—I slept so long that he went away without any breakfast."

"Yes---he only robbed me of my money, I suppose, and spared you. "Well, I'm thankful for that."

"Robbed you, father! Why, he was a good man. He played with Tony and did all the chores."

John Harmon picked up a scrap of paper on the table, on which was scrawled, "Good-by, little girl; don't tell your father that anybody came, and always be good to those that aint good themselves."

"That proves it," he said. "I saw that man watching us, yesterday, when we went over the brook, and he must have cut down that tree to prevent our getting back last night. He did it to rob me." John Harmon rushed out of the room, but quickly returned, in a state of excitement and astonishment. "Why," he said, "he hasn't taken it, after all!"

Of course, they never could know the whole story, but they guessed a part of it. The farmer had in his house a considerable sum of money which he was soon to pay toward clearing the mortgage from his farm. The strange visitor must have known this fact. He certainly watched John Harmon and Steve as they went away from home. Probably he cut down the tree of which Jennie's father had spoken, in order to delay his return until he had time to get well away. Then he had come to the house, not because he was caught in the storm, but because he had some plan, which no one doubted was robbery.

John Harmon always believed that it was Jennie's innocent fearlessness and perfect trust in the rough man that changed his mind, and saved him from the loss of his money.---[Youth's Companion.

The Ages of Criminals.

Most criminals are young. It is seldom that a grave crime, provided it be the first, is committed after the age of thirty. A careful statistician has proved that of the entire population of England and Wales the largest proportion of criminals is found between the ages of twenty and twenty-five. Five times as many crimes are committed in the five years between these limits as in the ten years between the ages of fifty and sixty. Dividing the whole population into groups of those from ten years to fifteen, from fifteen to twenty, from twenty to twenty-five, from twenty-five to thirty, from thirty to forty, forty to fifty, and from fifty to sixty, it is found that from the age of twenty the tendency to crime decreases at each successive term thirty-three per cent. in the case of women, and twenty-five per cent. in the case of men.

The Curious Little Seahorse.

The seahorse is a curious little creature. It is not an animal, but a fish. It is bony, has tufted gills and belongs to the pike family. It grows from six to eight inches long. The snout is prolonged and the head elevated posteriorly, very much resembling the head of a horse, the ears being represented by a spiny coronet on the occiput. The tail is long and whiplike and without a fin. It is with the tail that the fish suspend themselves to seaweeds and other submarine objects. The eyes are prominent and can be moved independently of each other and in opposite directions. In swimming these fish always assume an upright position.—[Forest and Stream.

A Lonesome Region.

A stop of a day or two at a pioneer settlement in Assiniboia, say a Western traveler, afforded an explanation of the marriage between white men and squaws. Loneliness is the especial curse of the region. The houses are often five miles or ten miles apart, at a little distance from the railroad, in Western Manitoba, Assiniboia, and Alberta, and many of the pioneers are bachelors. The prairie is very like the sea, a flat expanse, often without trees, and therefore the surroundings of a new-made home are apt to strengthen the feeling of solitude. Dogs are plenty along the railroad, but are said to fetch high prices, regardless of their quality, in the back country. Cats, on the other hand, are very scarce, and in such demand that a cat will bring from $2 to $5 at the smaller stations.

Men go stark mad from loneliness out there, and others, fearing that they may become so, run away from their claims at times and try to get work in the settlements. The English, Irish and Scotch give frequent parties during the winter, and men ride fifty miles to attend them. It is among these nationalities that the bachelors and the terrible solitude are found. The others, Hungarians, Germans, Mennonites, and the rest, herd together in little villages, and every man has a wife and children.

How a Horsehair Becomes a Snake.

Dr. Page asked us if we didn't want to see a horsehair that had turned to a snake. We did, and he drew a bottle from his pocket, filled with water, in which was what appeared to be a diminutive snake, five or six inches long, writhing and twisting, as if anxious to escape from the bottle. When put in the bottle it was nothing more than a hair from a horse's tail. Dr. Mathews says the hair does not undergo change, but that invisible animalcules that generate in the water collect on the hair and make it twist and squirm after the manner of a snake or worm. It is held by good authority that many of the so-called animalcules have been shown to be plants, having locomotive powers something like animals; the motion, however, is not supposed to be voluntary. But the horsehair makes a first-class snake all the same.—[Hartwell Sun.

A Thief's Loss.

A young lady governess was sitting in a horse car in an English town when a stylishly dressed man entered, who displayed prominently a valuable diamond ring on one of his fingers. He soon after got out, and the young lady on getting to her stage on her way home stepped out as well, and found on putting her hand in her pocket that her purse was gone. She, however, found a strange article in her pocket, which, to her astonishment, turned out to be the identical ring which her fellow traveler had been so ostentatiously displaying. Examination proved that the ring was no flash article, a jeweler appraising it as of the value of at least $150. Fortunately for the lady, there was only two shillings in the purse which she lost. The ring had evidently slipped off the pickpocket's finger when he was in the act of abstracting the purse.

Fruit Storage.

We must aim for fruit storage houses above ground. You will never get what you want in building underground, where there is always dampness. I think you can erect a wooden building with walls thick enough to keep out frost. Fruit kept in the cellar with other fruit and vegetables is not what it ought to be; there is a taint to the flavor, and a great deal of fruit is injured by being kept in this way. A person living in the city ought to have a house to preserve the fruit he wants for the table. If we do not see fine fruit on the table every day through the winter, it is a sure mark of great negligence on the part of somebody. I do really believe that it is not an impossible thing to build a fruit house above ground, simply by having walls lined with hay, straw or sawdust, and provided with dead air spaces.—[Vick's Magazine.

Southern Summer Resorts.

General A. W. Greely, Chief Signal Officer, says in Scribner's Magazine: For a very dry climate, not too hot in summer, the White, Green, and Adirondack Mountains afford the best available, while but slightly inferior in this respect are such parts of West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, and Tennessee as lie between the Blue Ridge to the eastward, and the Kanawha Ridge, Cumberland, and Clinch Mountains to the westward. The summer advantages of the broken, mountainous country last referred to, are hardly known to the general public, but with succeeding years and increasing facilities for travel and entertainment, this comparatively unknown section will be resorted to in summer by tens of thousands from the south and southwest, and in winter from the north and northwest.

A Forty-Foot Monster.

The petrified remains of a huge animal have been discovered lying beneath the earth's surface, on the bank of the Des Moines River, near Percy, Iowa. The length of the monster, without the head, which was detached from the body, measures over forty feet. The remains were in a bed of dark blue stone surrounded by petrified insects and remains of other animals. It is supposed that the animal belonged to the carboniferous age.

MIGHTY WAR VESSELS.

Launch of a Dynamite Cruiser and the Gunboat Yorktown.

A New Era Begun in American Naval History.

There have been many launches of big and little ships, iron and wooden, in years gone by at Cramp's shipyard, in Philadelphia, but never in the history of the city was so much excitement created as the dual launch on Saturday of the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius and the gunboat Yorktown.

What made it particularly notable was that it is the first launching for years of a war vessel there, that there were two ships to slide into the water and that Congress would be in town to witness the event.

At noon the excursion steamer Columbia, Captain George Tyler, lay at the pier at the foot of Washington street, adjacent to the old Navy Yard of blessed memories. She had been chartered by the Secretary of the Navy to convey his Congressional party from the cars to Cramp's yard. The steamer was gayly decked out in bunting, and after receiving her cargo of distinguished people, took up a good position in view of the event.

Strange to say, on the Columbia there were 166 members of the House of Representatives, which is three more than is necessary for a quorum.

At three o'clock the Yard Superintendent reported everything ready for the launch, and Mr. Charles Cramp gave the command, with the consent of the Secretary of the Navy, to "Let go the breaks" of the Yorktown. Whack, whack, sounded the mauls as the men struck the chunks away, and just as this big iron hull began to slide riverward Miss May Cameron, daughter of Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, whacked the gunboat over her nose with a bottle of champagne, held by red, white and blue ribbons. It broke and as the wine spilled all down over the ship's rigid iron and paint, this lovely girl said: "I baptize thee Yorktown." The Yorktown began to move at six and a half minutes past three o'clock, and floated gracefully on the Delaware within a minute.

Hardly had the excitement over the first event subsided when it broke out afresh over the dynamite cruiser, which lay on its ways, near the place the Yorktown had left. Miss Eleanor Breckinridge, daughter of Congressman Breckinridge, of Kentucky, performed the christening function for the dynamite cruiser, as Miss Cameron had for the gunboat. As she broke the bottle over her bow this Blue Grass belle exclaimed, "I baptize thee Vesuvius." This was indeed news to even the Secretary's intimate friends, as he had kept it a secret till, at the last moment, he handed Miss Breckinridge his official order to call the cruiser Vesuvius. The Vesuvius glided graceful on her element four minutes after the Yorktown.

The Vesuvius.

The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius has a length of 246 feet, with a beam of 26 feet 6 inches; her mean draught is 8½ feet on the plans and her displacement 700 tons. Her engines will be of the latest triple expansion type, with twin screws, designed for 3500 horse power, which is expected to give a speed of twenty knots per hour. There will be four cylindrical locomotive boilers, 160 pounds steam each. She is very lightly built, but firmly put together, and will trust to her speed and shallow draught to choose her own time for fighting.

She will have three dynamite guns, fifty-four feet in length, fixed in position side by side, and they will really be built into the ship. They will project above the deck at an angle, and the shells to be thrown by them will weigh 200 pounds. In firing the guns it will be necessary to move the vessel in taking aim. The officers' quarters will be right aft, while the crew will berth forward in the usual manner, the midships of the boat being taken up with the appliances for loading and firing the guns, machinery, coal space and stores. The gallery and conning tower are on the upper deck. The success of the dynamite cruiser has been and will be watched and waited for with deep interest. Its success simply means the revolutionizing of naval warfare.

The Yorktown.

The gunboat Yorktown, or as she is more commonly called, "Gunboat No. 1," is an unarmored steel cruiser of 1000 tons displacement. Her length is 230 feet, beam 38 feet with a draught of water of about 13 feet forward and 15 feet aft. There will be twin screws, with triple expansion engines of the latest improved type, designed for a horse power of 2200 with natural and 3300 with forced draught, and it is expected that she will make a speed of seventeen knots. It carries four pneumatic guns for the hurling of dynamite projectiles, each with a range of at least a mile. The training of the guns is accomplished by steering the vessel, and the loading is all done by steam. The guns are of 15-inch calibre, and the shells, which can be fired with great accuracy twice a minute, will contain 600 pounds of explosive gelatine, equivalent to 852 pounds of dynamite, or 943 pounds of gun cotton. It is claimed that this gun, properly handled, will be the most destructive engine of war yet invented, for the heaviest armored ships in the world will go all to pieces from the explosion of a shell much smaller than those thrown by the guns on the Yorktown.

The conning tower will be armored with two inch steel plates, and will be on the forecastle. The Captain's quarters will be under the quarter deck, as will also the armory and a room devoted to the torpedoes. Speaking tubes and telegraphic arrangements will enable the officer and pilot to communicate with those below. There will also be a complete electric light plant, with two sets of dynamos.

A WHOLESALE HANGING.

Seven Murderers Simultaneously Executed in Arkansas.

A wholesale hanging took place at Fort Smith, Ark., on Friday, of murderers recently sentenced by Judge Parker of the United States Court.

The execution was public and an enormous crowd of people from all parts of the Indian Nation and Arkansas assembled to see the murderers hung. The Sheriff had erected a scaffold with seven nooses and seven traps, and shortly before noon the signal was given and simultaneously the following seven murderers were swung into eternity:

Owen D. Hill, a colored man, for the murder of his wife on July 1, 1887.

Jack Crow, colored, for the murder of Charles B. Wilson, a Choctaw, in the Choctaw Nation, in 1885.

George Most, colored, for the murder of George Taft in Red River County, Choctaw Nation, in September, 1887.

Jefferson Hildebrand Cherokee, for the murder of John Ridgeway, near Coffeyville, Cherokee Nation, in May, 1885.

William Alexander, colored, for murdering his stepdaughter, Ella Whitefield, in Choctaw Nation.

Emanuel Peterson, colored, for the murder of Deputy Marshal Willard B. Hayes, who was trying to arrest him in the Choctaw Nation in 1881.

Richard Southerland, white, for the murder of his renter, Jake Burrows, in September, 1885.

A DAKOTA TOWN BURNED.

Central City Swept Out of Existence and the Inhabitants Homeless.

Central City, a town of 1000 inhabitants, two miles above Deadwood, Dakota, has been totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at from $150,000 to $200,000; insurance light. No lives were lost. About 130 buildings were burned.

The whole community is homeless, entire families losing everything and escaping with only their lives. The fire originated in a bakery. The entire fire department of Deadwood and Lead City were promptly on hand, but a failure of the water supply rendered their assistance useless.

Both sides of Main street, from Saw Pit to Gold street, are in ashes. Fairview quartz mill was destroyed. Merchandise and household goods were piled up all over the side of the mountain. No one was injured. Central City is a mining town. It ships about $100,000 worth of bullion monthly.

A PAPAL DECREE.

A Letter Issued from Rome Against the Irish Plan of Campaign.

The statement that the Pope has issued a decree condemning the plan of campaign in Ireland is confirmed. A Papal letter says he does so because he is convinced that the plan of campaign is illegal. He says he is also convinced that the land courts will reduce all unfair rents. Another circumstance that influenced him, he says, is the fact that funds are extorted from contributors to the plan. The Pope condemns boycotting as a practice contrary to justice and charity.

The Dublin *Freeman's Journal* urges the people to exercise calmness and patience, and to receive the Papal decree with profound respect and loyalty to Rome. It declares that boycotting is rare. The Nationalists have determined to continue the plan of campaign in spite of the Papal decree. It is asserted that the movement will not suffer much from the necessary defection of the priests, who will undoubtedly continue to sympathize with the people, and that the vacancies can easily be filled with laymen. The matter has caused an extremely bitter feeling among the Nationalists. Mr. Dillon, in a speech at Herbertstown, Ireland, pointed out the justice of the plan of campaign, the results of which, he said, fully justified the wisdom of the League in recommending it. The whole ground for the Nationalist policy was the fact that an Irish tenant could not make a contract with his landlord; that freedom of contract did not exist. He denied emphatically that the plan of campaign funds were obtained by force and intimidation.

A despatch from Rome to the London *Times* says: "The Papal letter has already been sent to the Irish Bishops and will be published soon. The Pope forbids Catholics to adopt the plan of campaign or to engage in boycotting and enjoins obedience to the laws. Other questions are in abeyance." The London *Post* thinks that the Pope's action is by far the most formidable blow yet struck at the Nationalists. The London *Standard* says: "That the Papal decree will do good cannot be doubted, but that it will extirpate the evil can scarcely be hoped."

DESTROYED BY FROST.

Enormous Damage Inflicted On Truck-Farms in Virginia.

There has been a heavy frost in Virginia, and the damage to farm truck is said to be from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000. Those figures were given by some of the truckers, who were completely discouraged by the result of the damage to their fields. The most careful estimate puts the damage at from $500,000 to $750,000. The wind was from the south, and the farms situated on the water so as to get salt air experienced small damages, but in the back country of Norfolk, Princess Ann and Nansemond counties, the potato vines were cut down to the hills; beets, beans, cucumbers, watermelons and tomatoes were entirely destroyed and pease and strawberries put back a week or ten days. The seed stores were entirely exhausted of stock for replanting.

A FIGHT IN A MOSQUE.

Fifteen Convicts and Four Policemen Killed in Egypt.

A desperate conflict took place a few days ago at a mosque in Damanhour, near the city of Alexandria. A number of escaped prisoners had taken refuge in the mosque and refused to surrender to the police, who had surrounded the building. In the fight that followed fifteen of the convicts were killed and two wounded. The police lost four men killed and wounded.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

ROSCOE CONKLING left $250,000.

AN ostrich farm of 250 acres is to be started near Red Bluff, Cal.

NEW YORK CITY consumes 50,000 Frankfurter sausages daily.

THE police force of London has been increased to 13,800 men.

THERE were sixteen fatal accidents in the football field in England last season.

M. POLIKOFF, the Russian railway king, is dead. His fortune is estimated at $50,000,000.

MARY SHARPLESS, the richest child in America, is nine years old and worth fifty millions.

TWO THOUSAND foreign Jews in Odessa, Russia, have received notice to quit within one week.

THERE are about 23,000 persons in Salt Lake City, of whom perhaps 15,000 to 18,000 are Mormons.

AN industrial school for colored people has been started in Alabama, wherein twelve industries are taught.

REPRESENTATIVE MULLIGAN has offered a bill in the Kentucky Legislature to make poker playing a felony.

THE mills of Minneapolis made 169,200 barrels of flour last year, an amount exceeded but twice in their history.

SAMUEL MORRISON, the surveyor, who made the first map of Indiana, recently died at Indianapolis on his ninetieth birthday.

AT the Hoosic Valley (Mass.) sheep-shearing the other day, fleeces from prize rams varied all the way from 15 to 20 pounds.

EX-ATTORNEY GENERAL BREWSTER'S estate of $100,000 will be held in trust for his son, until the latter reaches the age of thirty.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

EDWIN BOOTH is a collector of rare old books.

LAWRENCE BARRETT has reached the half-hundred mile post of life.

MAUD POWELL, the violin virtuoso, will undertake another Western tour.

MINNIE TERRY, six years old, earns fifty dollars a week on the London stage.

THOMAS NAST, the cartoonist, talks of building a theatre at Los Angeles, Cal.

A VIOLIN made of clay is now on exhibition in Berlin. It is said to have a strong and full tone.

LOUIS JAMES and Marie Wainwright will do a dramatization of Hawthorn's "The Scarlet Letter" next season.

AT a concert in St. Petersburg, Russia, two pieces were played upon twenty-four grand pianofortes by forty-eight pianists.

MRS. LANGTRY is to pass the summer on the Pacific coast and has not made any contracts to appear next season as yet.

ROSINA VOLKES and her English-American company are playing a very successful season at Daly's theatre, New York.

CHRISTINE NILSSON proposes to end her artistic career by singing for the last time at Albert Hall, London, May 25 and June 30.

THE great success in Paris at present is the comic opera in three acts by the late Bernicat, called "The First Arms of Louis XV."

CAMPANINI, the opera impressario, has gotten rid of his $500 per night tenor, Marconi, and is singing the title role of "Otello" himself.

PHYLIS BROUGHTON, of the English comic opera stage, who is shortly to marry the heir to a wealthy Earl, is reputed to be a good, womanly girl, who is universally respected.

"TANK" plays are not new, as a tank was used in 1805 in a play called "Life on the Ocean Wave," in which a dog rescued a "rag" baby from a tank full of water on the stage.

MISS EMMA THURSBY, the great concert artist, says she does not see the necessity of going to Europe to cultivate the voice, as we have as fine teachers as are to be found anywhere.

CHARLES WYNDHAM, the English comedian, got his first engagement on the stage from John Wilkes Booth, whom he found to be "a charming fellow and an excellent companion."

IT is claimed that the Gilligs collapsed American Exchange, of London, has issued letters of credit or become liable for $1,000,000 of the money of travelers, and all is lost. These tourists may have a very hard time of it before they get back home.

MISS DIEHLE, of Toledo, Ohio, returned from a two years' visit to Germany, only to find both parents dead and her home in possession of a stranger.

THE LABOR WORLD.

DENVER (Col.) bricklayers get $5 per day. They work eight hours.

THERE are nearly 1000 people employed in the Australian copper mines.

A CLOTHES-PIN factory at Montpelier, Vt., has a capacity of 200 gross per day.

ONE of the largest blast furnaces ever built has been put up at Knoxville, Tenn.

THREE THOUSAND people earn their living in Kansas coal, lead and zinc mines.

THE co-operative town of Powderly, Ala., now boasts of more than thirty houses.

UPWARD of forty five tons of paper are manufactured daily at Watertown, N. Y.

A BRIDGE is to be built across the Ohio River at Owensboro, Ky., to cost one million dollars.

AN organization of New York city workingmen proposes to establish a co-operative coal yard.

ONE THOUSAND children in Fall River, Mass., most of whom work in the factories, cannot read.

OPERATORS in the cotton and jute mills of Bombay, India, receive from ten to twelve cents per day.

NEAR Coburg, Germany, a whole village of people has for many generations made nothing but toys.

BETWEEN 6000 and 7000 men will be thrown out of work by the shut down in the Connellsville (Penn.) coke region.

IMMENSE iron works, costing $1,000,000, are to be erected at Duluth, Minn., including blast furnace, steel mills and rolling mills.

SHOT manufacturing is in a bad way at present. Owing to the protracted peace it is possible to buy a ton of shot for the same price as a ton of lead.

LABOR strikes are spreading in Germany. The Labor Central Committee has requested workmen to stay away from the districts affected by the strikes.

IT is said there are farmers' wives on Long Island who make boys' trousers for three cents. There are women in New York who toil sixteen hours a day for sixty cents.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

TENNYSON is at work on a poem of some length.

HENRY T. COXWELL, the balloonist, now 70, has made 700 ascents.

BISHOP WILSON is the oldest preacher in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

EMPEROR DON PEDRO, of Brazil, is a great admirer of George Eliot's novels.

ELIZABETH CADY STANTON, at 72, is as much interested in this world as ever.

SENATOR SAULSBURY, of Delaware, is the only bachelor in the United States Senate.

EMPRESS ELIZABETH, of Austria, is superbly beautiful, and has a wealth of golden hair.

MISS ROSE ELIZABETH CLEVELAND will remain in Washington until the latter part of June.

PRESIDENT DIAZ, of Mexico, has received the French decoration of the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor.

SECRETARY WHITNEY is very fond of animals, and has several fine horses and one dog for which he paid $500.

SECRETARY BALFOUR, of the English Cabinet, used to be known in school and at college as "Clara Balfour."

CONGRESSMAN W. D. KELLEY, of Pennsylvania, "Father of the House," recently celebrated his seventy-fourth birthday.

THE Duke of Mariborough returns to this country in June, it is said, to continue his wooing of a young and very wealthy American widow.

THE Rev. Robert Collyer, of New York, was twenty-seven years old when he came to this country and brought his wife over with him in the steerage.

GABRIEL SALAUSON, the young Frenchman who is to marry a daughter of the British Minister at Washington, is of Hebrew descent and wealthy.

THE Duc de Cazes, the $20,000 bridegroom-elect of Isabella Blanche Singer, the American heiress, is an insignificant-looking little man, and anything but an Apollo.

LORD AUGUSTUS LOFTUS, at one time Queen Victoria's Ambassador at Vienna, now presides over the bookkeeping department of Lady Loftus's millinery store in London.

GENERAL BOULANGER, of France, has a large and constant correspondence with America, and receives regularly a number of the leading newspapers of leading cities in the United States.

EMPEROR FREDERICK, of Germany, in spite of his illness, still supervises the history of the great elector, upon which a couple of Germans have been at work for years, and which has now reached its eleventh volume.

CONGRESSMAN HITT, of Illinois, is one of the richest Representatives at Washington. He is said to have spent $20,000 a year entertaining when he was Secretary of Legation at Paris. He is an expert stenographer, and was at one time a clerk of one of the Senate Committees.

OF the eight Republicans who received votes for the presidential nominat on at the Chicago Convention of 1880, four are dead, four still live. Grant, Garfield,

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first page

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

FIRST DISTRICT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

There will be a Convention of the Republican Party of the First Congressional District of North Carolina held at Edenton on the 6th day of June 1888, at 3 o'clock p.m., to elect two Delegates and two Alternates to the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 19th of June. Each county is entitled to delegates equal to twice the number of its Representatives in the lower House of the General Assembly. The Republicans of the counties of the District are requested to meet and appoint said delegates as early as practicable, and a general invitation is extended to all, without regard to past political affiliations who are in sympathy with the principles of the Republican Party, to join.

E. A. WHITE,
April 4, 1888. Chair'n Ex. Com.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Republicans of Pasquotank County is hereby called to meet in the Court House at Elizabeth City on Saturday, the 12th day of May, at 12 M., for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention to be held at Raleigh on the 23d of May, and to the District Convention to be held at Edenton on the 6th of June; also, to elect delegates to the Senatorial and Congressional Conventions of the District when held, and to transact such other business as may be deemed proper for the interest of the party. Each precinct is entitled to three delegates and three alternates in said Convention, and the Committees are requested to take proper action to have them legally elected.

J. S. WILCOX, Chr'n Ex. Com.
J. P. OVERMAN, Sec'y.

OUR DEFEFSELESS COAST.

In another column will be found a quotation from a recent speech upon the defenseless condition of our coasts, and the Senate Committee on the subject have presented facts that should induce prompt action by Congress. When other nations have been expending large sums in fortifying their coasts and providing themselves with powerful armored ships, we have devoted our attention to peaceful pursuits, to diversifying our industrial interests, to the construction of the new lines of transportation for our internal commerce, and have made no advance in the direction of fortifications and little progress in providing a modern navy.

There is an old maxim, "in time of peace prepare for war." We have plenty of money now, and there is no reason, save Democratic stupidity and incapacity, why the Government should not enter at once upon the work of construction of a system of coast defenses. There is a surplus in the Treasury, and the people are not only willing that a portion of it should be applied for the purpose but from every quarter comes to Congress the demand, voiced by representative bodies, that the necessary measures be taken for the protection of our sea coasts. Longer delay is inexcusable.

The country lies practically defenseless, and at the mercy of any of the naval powers of the world. Were it not for the free trade anxiety to keep the surplus as large as possible, the facts would necessitate immediate action on the part of Congress. The House is charged by the Constitution with the duty of originating all bills that require appropriations, and if it fails to do its plain duty in inaugurating this needful work, the responsibility must rest on the Democratic majority.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

Why is it the free traders are all the time abusing capital? Without capital where would the country be? Aye, and what would become of the millions whose living are dependent on the employment capital gives them?

There is to day more than $1000,000,000 American capital investedin manufacturing industries; and the wage-workers receive more than $500,000,000 from them in wages each year. Adopt the policy of the free traders, by removing the protection the present tariff affords these industries, and if not destroyed, they will be so embarrassed and discouraged as to compel a narrowing of the filed of operations and lessen the demand for labor.

Thus as capital is wounded labor is hurt. The one cannot existwithout the other, and the prosperity of the one enhances that of the other. If capital is encouraged and increased the means of supporting and employing additional laborers is increased likewise, and vice versa.

It is a fact from which there is no escape that under our tariff legislation there has been a steady cheapening of the product of the factory; of cotton and woolen goods; of all kinds of textiles; of furniture, household goods, iron, steel, pottery, tools, glass and glassware, machinery, and in fact, every manufacture furnished by our home industries.

It is said that President Cleveland's favorite beverage is cherry bounce, but the article he ladles out to Republican officholders is labeled "grand bounce." The CAROLINIAN doesn't blame him for it except that he ought to stop claiming to be a civil service reformer.

A cynical Englishman who has been spending some time in New York says that half the citizens are lecherous and contemptable people, and the other half are politicians.

A HOME MARKET.

There is no question in which the farmer is moee interested than in a good home market. And only in proportion as mills and shops and factories are built within his reach are these best afforded. They are the great industrial hearts that not only send their currents along every business artery, but they reach out to the farmer and give additional tone to his vocation. Men in the workshop and the factory are the patrons of the men on the farm. Just in proportion as these are increased in number are the farmers benefitted.

And because the tendency, aim purpose of a protective tariff is to encourage all this the CAROLINIAN advocates it. But for the meddlesome interference of the free trade tariff tinkers, factories would now be rapidly multiplying all over our Southland. They are what we need. They would make a home market for every farm product. This is no new doctrine. It was taught by Washington and others of the fathers of the Republic. In a letter to Dr. Coleman, President Jackson said:

Where has the American farmer a market for his surplus products? Except for cotton he has neither a foreign nor a home market. Does this not clearly prove, when there is no market either at home or abroad that there is too much labor employed in agriculture and that the channels of labor should be multiplied? Common sense points out at once the remedy. Draw from agriculture the superabundant labor, employ it in mechanism and manufactures, thereby creating a home market for your breadstuffs and distributing labor to a most profitable account, and benefits to the country will result.

Take from agriculture in the United States 600,000 men, women and children, and you at once give a home market for more breadstuffs than all Durope now furnishes us. In short, sir, we have been too long subject to the policy of the British merchants. It is time we should become a little more Americanized and instead of feeding the paupers and laborers of Europe, feed our own, or else in a short time, by continuing our present policy, we shall all be paupers ourselves.

This is as true to-day as it was in 1824. Every factory that gives employment to labor adds to the value of the farm and its products. This fact is demonstrated by farm value in every manufacturing section of the United States.

On the 25th ult., there assembled at Hot Springs, this State, a number of prominent men from every Southern State east of the Mississippi river, the object being to formulate a plan for securing immigration. Resolutions were adopted for the establishment of a Southern Immigration Society, with head quarters at New York. The Convention was a grand success.

Should a wagon or buggy tire get a little loose from shrinkage of the felloes, instead of taking the wheel to to the shop to have the tire cut replaced, get half a gallon of linseed oil, and after heating it pretty well, pour the same in a shallow dish and give the wheel two or three slow turns around through it; the oil will so penetrate the felloes as to swell and make them as tight as ever.

An Indiana editor recently wrote a bifaluting article about the Hoosier Democracy, in which he remarked that "the Democratic lyre was uttering triumphant notes." But the wicked compositor set it up, "the Democratic liar," and the editor's mail is full of indignant letters.

The United States Fish Commission Schooner "Grampus," which has been making a scientific investigation of the Southern Mackerel fishing industry. She reports that in sailing from Cape Hatteras to Barnegat, no mackerel were seen. She recently caught a few small ones in nets near Body Island.

Why not reduce the interest bearing debt while there is a surplus in the Treasury? Why not heed the warning of Tilden and provide for the National defense?

Business Tact and Opportunity.

A streak of pure, good luck in business; or the sudden achievement of success and wealth by a happy hit is rare, but there are many lucky and prosperous folks who are so because they watch their opportunities and make the best of them. Mr. Koehler, of Rochester, N. Y., tried his hand at canvassing for "Plain Home Talk" and made four dollars in the first two hours. Mr. Sanford, from Maine, took forty-three orders from forty-seven persons to whom he showed the book. Mr. Tayloy, in Cleveland, took nineteen orders in one day. Why do smart, capable men complain of hard times and "nothing to do" when equal opportunities are open to them? They have only to call for circulars, prospectus and terms of the Murray Hill Pub Co., 129 East 28th St., New York.

Seeking for Biblical Information.

From the Pittsburg Chronicle.

"Daniel!"

"Yes, sire."

"What prophet was it who said 'The mountains shall skip like rams, and the little hills like lambs?'"

"I don't know, sire. Why do you wish to know?"

"Because I want to learn if he left any specific directions for making little Dave Hill skip"

The two Processions—Free Trade and Protection.

From speech of Congressman Buchanan.

Sir, the gentleman from Tennessee spoke the other day of a procession, and warned us to clear the way or be crushed, and as he spoke I saw his procession go by. At its front I saw the majority members of the Committee on Ways and Means bearing aloft the flag of free trade, inscribed "European workshops for American consumers." After them came another crowd, members of Parliament, foreign manufacturers, and carriers of British goods. They scattered pamphlets as they went by, and their banners read: "The Cobden Club. We want the markets of all the world." Then filed by the unprogressives of this land, the men who cling to one idea and one interest who see not the wealth in their hills, the power in their streams, the vast capabilities of their surroundings, who welcome not the capital and enterprise eager to bring employment to their midst to develop the wealth the Creator has so freely given and to make the desert blossom as the rose. Their banner said "The Bourbon; he forgets nothing and learns nothing."

Then came another contigent more powerful than all. With them, led by their chains were the bankers with his funds dependent upon the security their products offered and the Congressmen elected by their votes and influence. They came from many sections, but mainly from one, and their banner was inscribed; "The Whisky Trust. Dividend just declared. Down with protection, and long live the internal-revenue laws."

Then, at the rear, whipping in the straggliers, encouraging the laggards, and expostulating with the wavering came the statesman from Texas, and over all waved a foreign flag.

In the wake of this procession the light of the forge went out, the hum of industry ceased, and haggard men sought in vain for work. The products of the farm perished unbought and all the channels of trade were clogged with unsold merchandise. Distress was everywhere and bankruptcy was written over the nation's Capitol.

But, sir, I saw another procession The shades of Washington, of Jefferson and Jackson, and the fathers of the Republic led the van. Sturdy men, their hands hardened with toil, their faces illumined with hope and their manhood unrushed, came on with the united cry, "American workshops for American consumers," and with them came the wisdom of the past, the statesmanship of the present, and all the hopes of the future.

And joining their host came streaming from the coal and iron fields of Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee and West Virginia, from a thousand factories and forges in the South; from the sheep covered plains of Texas and from the market gardens of the Southern seaboard, the enteoprising and progressive sons of the new and industrial South. Steadily and firmly together they come on, resistless as Niagara and relentless as fate, and in all its beauty, with not a stripe erased and every star undimmed, over these, united in heart and purpose, and rejoicing in a common prosperity, floated the flag of a common country. (Applause.)

Birds as Crop Protectors.

Mr. A. R Whitney, an extensive Illinois orchardist, finds great profit in befriending birds, even crows and owls, for crop protection. Of the latter he has "a couple of coveys or flocks which make their homes in two separate groves," and he says he would as soon have a tramp steal $10 from his pocket as one of them. He says they are great destroyers of mice, rats, blind moles, etc. They do this to such an extent that it is not uncommon to find in spring under the evergreens a half bushel bunch of balls of fur, bones, etc., that these owls have ejected from their mouths after appropriating parts desired for food. This, he adds, shows the great number of pests destroyed by these farm friends during the winter,

For Whom and for What Shall We Vote in November.

On Tuesday next after the first Monday in November next, the people of North Carolina will vote for electors of President and Vice President of the United States; State Executive officers, three Associate Justices of the Supreme Court; Representatives in Congress; county officers (except Clerks of the Superior Courts); Constables; and on an amendment to the Constitution increasing the number of Supreme Court judges to five. There are to be seven ballot-boxes, into which ballots will be deposited as follows:

1. Eleven Electors of President and Vice-President.

2. Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney-General and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

3. Associate Justice Supreme Court—to fill vacancy caused by death, and two Associate Justices of Supreme Court to fill original vacancies.

4. Representatives in the 51st Congress, in each of the nine Congressional Districts.

5. Register of Deeds, Coroner, Treasurer, Surveyor and Sheriff, in each county.

6. Constable in each township.

7. Amendment to Constitution relative to the Supreme Court.

The Judicial ticket will distinguish between the candidate to fill the unexpired term of the late Associate Justice Ashe, and the two candidates to be commissioned Associate Justices, only in the event of the ratification by the people of the amendment to be voted on at this election. The chairman of the State committees of the two political parties will agree upon the formula for this distinction.

There were 47 arrests in the city of Raleigh during the month of April, and there were thirteen deaths, three whites and ten colored.

Our Defenseless Coasts.

From a recent speech,

And as for the surplus, Mr. President and gentlemen, a surplus cannot be said to exist when there is room for its expenditure—and legitimate room. We have now, I believe, somewhat over $200,000,090 in the Treasury. We had a fisheries dispute the other day; suppose that England and America had disagreed; suppose the whole matter was referred to the arbitrament of the sword, where would our Atlantic seaboard be, where would our Pacific seaboard be, where would our lake seaboard be? Canadian gunboats could come here through the deepened Welland canal, bombard your city, and you have not got a single fort, ship, or gun with which to defend it.

They talk of a surplus in the treasury, and we have not a fortification that could stop a cannon ball; we have not a ship of war capable of standing a broadside from a single first class man of war of any power of Europe. They talk of a surplus in the Treasury and sixty million of people, in the event of sudden war—which I hope may never come—are absolutely defenseless. They talk of a surplus in the Treasury, with water ways left unconstructed. They talk of that surplus as if it were a curse instead of an attestation of the prosperity of our country. They have thrown out on the seas a few cruisers—provided I believe, by Republican administrations—but the Navy of the United States remains in such a condition that every patriotic American is ashamed of it; not alone ashamed of it but afraid of it.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday Esq., Co. Atty., Clay county, Tex., says "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied that Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony saying: He positively believes he would have died had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malaria Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequalled, Price 50c and $1 at Wood & Wadsworth's.

Three Years of Cleveland.

New York Independent.

His pledges were magnificent; his performances disgraceful.

His scheme of Civil Service was fine; its fulfilment a farce.

He set out to lift the Democratic party; he ends by letting down the Government.

He began as a conspicuous reformer; he is ending as a conspicuous failure.

A Precise Definition.

From the Detroit Tribune.

Yes, my son, you are right. A "tariff reformer" is a man who spends one fourth of his time denying that he is a free trader and the other three fourths howling for free trade.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
TRADE MARK. REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

For Consumption Asthma, Bronchitis Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache Debility Rheumatism, Neuralgia and *all chronic and Nervous Disorders.*

—o—

"The Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs Starkey & Palen, No. 1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., have been using for the last 17 years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen *magnetized*, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

—:—

Drs. Starkey & Palen have the libarty to refer to the following named well known persons who have tried their Treatment:

Hon. W. D. Kelley Member of Congress Philadelphia; Rev. Victor A. Conrad, Editor Lutheran Observer, Phila.; Hon. Wm Penn Nixon, Editor Inter-Ocean, Chicago Ill; W. H. Worthington, Editor of New South, Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs Mary A. Livermore, Melrose, Mass.; Judge B. S. Vochres, New York City Frank Siddall, Merchant, Phil.; Fidelia M. Lyon, Somerwich Islands; Alexander Richie, Inverness, Scotland; Emma Cooper Utilla, Spanish Honduras, M. V. Ashbrock, Red Bluff Cal; James Moore, Supt Police, Blandford, Dorsetshire, England; Jacob Ward, Bowral, New South Wales, and thousands of others in every part or the United States.

"Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. It will be mailed free to any address on application.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING
NEW HOME

SEWING MACHINE
THE LADIES' FAVORITE.
NEVER OUT OF ORDER.
If you desire to purchase a sewing machine, ask our agent at your place for terms and prices. If you cannot find our agent, write direct to nearest address to you below named.
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS.
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ST. LOUIS, MO. — ATLANTA, GA. — SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
FOR SALE BY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"THE MATCHLESS."
—o—
SPRING MILLINERY GOODS
AT MRS. WHITE'S.

The largest, finest and cheapest Stock ever brought to Elizabeth City.

Ladies are cordially invited to call and examine.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

—o—

Notice is hereby given that a partnership has this day been formed between Newton Underwood and William G. Underwood under the name of N. Underwood & Son, to continue the business heretofore conducted by Newton Underwood.

May 1, 1888.

HOTEL ALBERT,
NEWBERNE, N. C.
—o—
A pleasant Resort for Tourists, Sportsmen, Pleasure and Health seekers.

DITCHING.

I take this method of announcing that I have returned and am prepared to take contracts, as heretogore, for

— DITCHING. —

I guarantee to give satisfaction. Address me at Elizabeth City.

JAMES L. WHITE.

MRS. M. HILL,
DEALER IN FIRST-CLASS
Millinery, Notions & Fancy Goods.
MOURNING GOODS A SPECIALTY.
Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention.
Old Bank Building, Road Street, Elizabeth City, N. C. 43-51

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner,
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late Richard Brothers, I hereby give notice to all persons is debted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be plead in bar of their recovery.

ELIZABETH BROTHERS
April 4, 1888. Administratrix

NEW ALBEMARLE HOUSE,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
FRANK M. GRICE, Prop'r.

TERMS: $2.00 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It has been refited and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat

The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for his patrons. The rooms are large, well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best

THINK DEEPLY

When you are contemplating a purchase of anything in our line, no matter how small may be the amount involved.

ACT WISELY

By coming to look over our large and well assorted stock of all that is new and seasonable.

Decide Quickly

To buy of us. After seeing the prices and examining the quality of our goods you can resist them. It is impossible to do better elsewhere.

WE BETTER VALUES

Can be found. We get the choice of the best goods on the market and our customers are ready cash to purchase with enables us to buy at

Prices Wonderfully Low

We are always ready to see you and show you our astonishing bargains.

ROBINSON & CO.,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Stoves & Tinware Queensware, Paints, Oils, Shipchandlery, Lime, Etc., Etc.
Water Street.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

The farm known as the "Murphy place" on Little River, in Salem township, Pasquotank county, N. C., containing eighty acres, is offered for sale privately to Dr. P. John, a Elizabeth City, or the undersigned at Centerville, Lancaster county, Pa.

Feb. 1, '88. JOHN MURPHY

THIS PAPER may be found on file at P. Rowell & Son's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts can be made for it in New York.

FRIENDS' ELEMENTARY And High School.

A Kindergarten, a Primary School an Academy and Collegiate Institute for both Sexes.

McCulloh and Preston Sts. BALTIMORE.

18 PROFESSIONAL TEACHERS Employed
Specialist in each Department.

24TH YEAR BEGAN NINTH MONTH (SEPTEMBER) 6, 1887

For Circulars address ELI M. LAMB Principal, or F. EMERSON LAMB, Assistant Principal.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS
And Dealers in Fish.
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance, and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

S. T. SKIDMORE,
Wholesale Commission Dealer
—IN ALL KINDS OF—

Fresh Fish.
142 & 144 BEEKMAN STREET,
NEW YORK.

HINCHMAN SON & CO,
Wholesale Commission Dealers

FRESH FISH, GAME, TERRAPIN, Etc.
7 & 8 DOCK STREET WHARF,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

C. T. Laughear. A. W. Haff
LAUGHEAR & HAFF,
Wholesale Commission Dealers

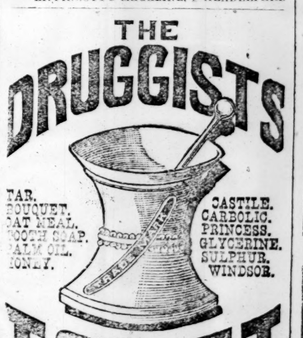
In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,
NEW YORK.

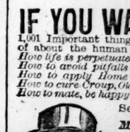
E. W. Albaugh & Son.
Wholesale Commission Merchant
FRESH FISH

Terrapin, Oysters, Game and
Poultry.
No. 224 Light Street Wharf,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns our motto.
Reference—Citizen's National Bank.

"McDonald's Hack."
Makes regular connections with all the Trains and the Steamboats, promptly meet on their arrival and departure. If notified in time passengers nor baggage will not be left.

LESS THAN ONE CENT A DAY
Sixteen 12 Complete New Novels, besides Essays, Short Stories, Sketches, Poems, etc. Each number is complete, and a volume in itself. One year's subscription makes a book of
NEARLY TWO THOUSAND PAGES
Of the choicest works of the best American authors. Among the Complete Novels which have already appeared are: "Brueton's Bayou," "Miss Defarge," "Sinfire," "A Self-Made Man," "Kenyon's Wife," "Douglas Duane," "The Deserter," "The Whistling Buoy," "At Anchor," "A Land of Love," "The Red Mountain Mines," "Apple Seed and Brier Thorn," "The Terra-Cotta Bust," "Across the Banks," "Check and Counter-Check," etc., etc. The subscription price of this "King of the Monthlies" is but $3.00 a year. Sample copy sent on receipt of 10 cents in stamps. Address
LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, PHILADELPHIA.

THE DRUGGISTS

TAR. BOUQUET. OAT MEAL. CASTILE. CARBOLIC. PRINCESS. GLYCERINE. SULPHUR. WINDSOR.
TOILET SOAP
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Manufactured expressly for the drug trade from five Oil and other selected material. Always the same. Gives general satisfaction. For sale by all first-class druggists. Call for the Druggists' Toilet Soap and take no other. Manufactured by
GRAHAM BROS. & CO., CHICAGO

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
1,001 Important things you never knew or thought of about the human body and its curious organs. *How life is perpetuated, health saved, disease induced, How to avoid pitfalls owing to ignorance and indiscretion, How to apply Home Cure to all forms of disease, How to cure Croup, Old Eyes, Rupture, Phimosis, etc., How to make, be happy in marriage & have prize babies,*
Send TEN CENTS for new book,
MEDICAL SENSE AND NONSENSE.
A melange of wit and wisdom, 90 pages, half of them given to newly illustrated medical "chestnuts" and Doctors Droll Jokes; "not too phunny but just phunny enough" to cure liver torpor and melancholy.
TRY THE LAUGH CURE.

Murray Hill Pub. Co., 129 E. 28th St., N. Y.

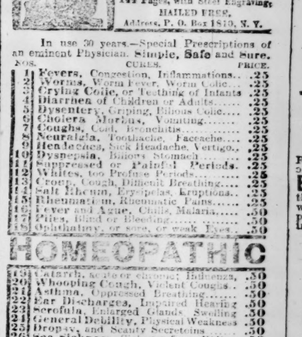
JACOB SALOMONSKY
—o—o—
The Grandest Display of
CLOTHING and DRESS GOODS
Ever Brought to Elizabeth City
The Stock is complete in every way comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASIMERES, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the
Very Lowest Prices.
His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISINGGOODS,
STORE ON WATER STREET,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. WHARTON,
WHOLESALE
COMMISSION DEALER,
IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH
Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry,
Eggs, Game, &c., In Season
No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market
FOOT OF DOCK STREET
PHILADELPHIA
Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
—:—o—:—
This well-established HOTEL will offer first class accommodations of the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Transoni Steamers
TERMS REASONABLE.
J. L. ROGERSON, Prop

ICE AND COAL!
Rawlins, Whitehurst & Co.,
continue to supply ice both in large and small quantities.
We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.
Office on Water Street, Elizabeth City N. C. FRED DAVIS
1-tf. Agent

H. HILGARTNER SONS
STEAM
Marble & Granite Works
MONUMENTS, ETC.
Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.
526 & 528 West Baltimore
BALTIMORE, MD.
—o—o—
J. H. ZIEGLER, Agt, Elizabeth City, N C
L. F. ZIEGLER Agt, Edenton, N. C.

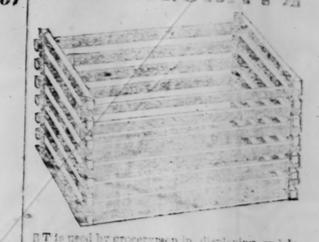
HOMEOPATHIC

SPECIFICS.
Sold by Druggists, or sent post paid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N. Y.

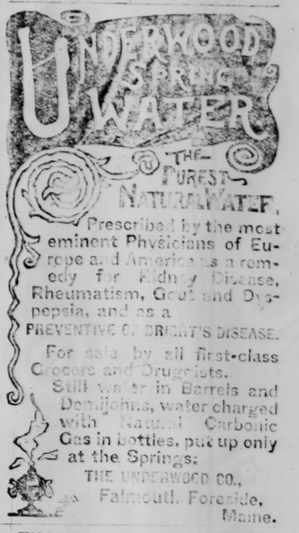
HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, Poultry.
300 PAGE BOOK on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

"A BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE."
CAPTIVATING! USEFUL! Eloquent Discussions, and Diplomatic Papers on the Great Public Questions of the Past and Present, by
JAMES G. BLAINE.
Embracing his masterly arguments on the vital issues in the *Anti-Slavery Struggle*, the *All Important Labor Question*, *Prohibition*, *Irish Home-Rule*, etc., etc. A FORTUNE FOR BOOK CANVASSERS! APPLICATIONS FOR TERRITORY COMING IN WITH A RUSH!
THE HENRY BILL PUBLISHING CO., NORWICH, Ct.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

THE BEST THING OUT
FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CRATE

This need by grocers men in distributing and delivering goods, by farmers to gather and store fruit and vegetables and market gardeners to transport products to market.
AS A BERRY CRATE
It is made in two sizes to hold twenty-four and thirty-six quart baskets respectively, with tight cover and racks to confine the baskets imprisoned, and being open allows free circulation of air, so fruit is less liable to decay.
Made of best material, are light, durable, and superior to baskets, or any other crate made.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND PRICE LIST.
L. P. ROGERS, WARREN, PA.


UNDERWOOD SPRING WATER
THE PUREST NATURAL WATER
Prescribed by the most eminent Physicians of Europe and America as a remedy for Kidney Disease, Rheumatism, Gout and Dyspepsia, and as a
PREVENTIVE OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.
For sale by all first-class Grocers and Druggists.
Still water in Barrels and Demijohns, water charged with Natural Carbonic Gas in bottles, put up only at the Springs:
THE UNDERWOOD CO.,
Falmouth Foreside, Maine.

THOUSANDS OF THE BEST
$38 GOLD WATCH
EVER MADE ARE SELLING IN OUR
CO-OPERATIVE CLUBS.
THIS IS THE BEST, CHEAPEST, MOST CONVENIENT
And only co-operative System of selling watches. The watches are American Lever Stem Winders, containing every essential to accuracy and durability, and have, in addition, numerous patented improvements found in no other watch. They are absolutely the only Dust and Dampproof Movements made in the World, and are jewelled throughout with GENUINE RUBIES. The Patent Stem Wind and Set is the strongest and simplest made. They are fully equal for appearance, accuracy, durability and service, to any $75 Watch.
Our Co-operative Club System brings them within the reach of every one.
We want an active, responsible representative in EVERY CITY and TOWN.
Heavy profits guaranteed on limited investment
Write for full particulars.
THE KEYSTONE WATCH CLUB CO.
P. O. Box 923, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
REFERENCES:
Keystone National Bank; The City Trust Safe Deposit and Surety Co., or any Commercial Agency.
AGENCIES:
New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa. Baltimore, Md.
Chicago, Ill. Detroit, Mich. St. Louis, Mo.
Pittsburgh, Pa. Harrisburg, Pa. Wilmington, Del.
Boston, Mass. Denver, Col. Etc., etc.

NORFOLK
STEAM DYE WORKS.
113 MAIN ST., NORFOLK, VA.
—o—o—
Gents' clothing cleansed, dyed and repaired. Ladies' dresses, shawls, etc., cleaned or dyed equal to new. Our Dyes warranted not to stunt or rub off. Branch office, 235 High street, Portsmouth, Va.
J. M. MARSHALL & CO.,
an. 27-6m. PROPRIETORS

Wanted
Agents to Sell the HISTORY of the BLACK PHALANX.

No competition. The first of its kind to record the services of the Colored Troops during the wars of 1776, 1812, 1861-65. No library complete without it. Sells fast to Whites and Blacks. Big profits. Agents report 30 to 50 sales per day. Some have already agreed to make money. Send for circulars and liberal terms, or $1.00 for outfit. Distance no hinderance, as all freights are paid. Mention this paper.
AMERICAN PUB'G CO
Hartford, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago or St Louis.

For 1888 is better than ever, and should be in the hands of every person contemplating buying BULBS or PLANTS, SEEDS, thousands of illustrations, and nearly 150 pages, telling what to buy, and where to get it, with lowest prices for honest goods. Price of GUIDE only 10 cents, including a Certificate good for 10 cents worth of Seeds.
JAMES VICK, SEEDSMAN,
Rochester N. Y.

ESTABLISHED 1848
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New York
After Forty years' experience in the preparation of more than One Hundred Thousand applications for patents in the United States and Foreign countries, the publishers of the Scientific American continue to act as solicitors for patents, caveats, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and to obtain patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Their experience is unequaled and their facilities are unsurpassed.
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If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 261 Broadway, New York.
Handbook about patents mailed free.

ROANOKE COLLEGE,
In the Virginia Mountains.
—$149, $176, or $204 A YEAR—
Thorough instruction; good discipline; best moral influences. Students from many States. Graduates in 23 States. North Carolina well represented. 35th Session begins Sept. 14th. Illustrated catalogue free Address JULIUS D. DREHER, Pres't, Salem, Va.

WE SELL

The Cheapest.

We have now received our new line of Summer and Spring Goods, and we have some of the handsomest ever brought to this market which I bought right low down to be sold at the lowest possible prices, so we can suit all classes of people. Our line of Men's and Boy's Clothing was never so large as this season. We can furnish Clothing to fit any size, from a child 4 years old to a man wearing 42, and all sizes between. So call and look at the

Great Bargains

we are offering on all classes of clothing. Our line is so complete that we can now sell men's suits as low as $3.25 to the finest qualities. We have a line of Children's Jersey Suits that we are selling lots of; they are for boys from 4 to 11 years old. These little suits are actually all wool and of the best quality of Jersey cloth, ranging in prices as to qualities from $3.25 to $5 a suit—just such a one as your little boy would like, and they fit to perfection. Our line of Clothing is the largest in the city, and we can sell them cheaper than ever before.

Please call and look at our immense stock of Ladies' Dress Goods. We have the nicest goods which we are selling at the

Lowest Prices

in the city, embracing almost all kinds and qualities—

FRENCH TRICOTS; FRENCH FLANNELS; DELAY PLAIDS; BATTUS CLOTH; HENRIETTA CLOTH; CANVAS CLOTH; CASHMERES, in all shades; ALAPACHAS; POPLINS; LAWNS; PIQUES; INDIA LINENS; CHECK NANSOOKS, SUNS VEILING, ALBERFOSSES, CHECK MUSLINS, SATINS, ETC.

We are offering some of the best bargains of the season on satins, having three different qualities which we are offering at the very lowest prices. We have all shades and colors, and if you desire a nice, good, stylish dress of a very low price, do not fail to fail to call when in the city and I will guarantee to show you some of the nicest goods in town, at the very lowest prices. As our goods are now in the store, and we have the

Largest Stock

ever offered in Elizabeth City. Our line of Trimmings for Ladies Dress Goods is much larger than ever before. We can suit any color. We have a very large line of Moraes Surah Silks, Gimps, Velvets, Plushes, Cords, Braided Sets, etc., that we are determining to sell right down to the very lowest prices, so that all classes of our customers can have a good chance to buy the very

Best Goods

in the city the very loweet price.

Our line of men's and boy's Hats is now complete, and we are just turning out lots of them at the very low figures we are putting them at. We can furnish any size and any quality of straw or wool hats lower than the lowest. They are the best

To be Found

in the city. We can guarantee if you are in need of a nice or a cheap hat, all you will have to do is to call on us and get satisfied both in quality and price

At

our Store can always be found the largest and the best selected stock of Shoes shown anywhere in the city. We are Agents for W. L. Douglas's celebrated $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes for men, and with every pair there is a guarantee that they are all leather and the bottom put on free from tacks. Each pair of these shoes will outlast any other make that you will have to pay $5 for.

We are also Agents for Reed's Hand Sewed Ladies' Shoes, which are the best made; and we carry in stock many different kinds of shoes and can sell you shoes from 50c to any price you with. Remember the place.

I. WEISEL,

Leader of Low Prices,

At the Foot of Water St.

NEAR THE DOCK.

The North Carolinian.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1888.

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. Rev. H. A. Skinner, Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. George Baker, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. F. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

☞Favorable weather.

☞The crops are growing.

☞Excursion time is almost here.

☞Labor is the foundation of wealth.

☞The pear, apple and peach trees promise abundant crops this year.

☞The two parties, Republican and Democrat, of this county, hold their Conventions here on Saturday.

☞There is a gentleman in this county who has a pear tree that bears ten different kinds of pears every year.

☞The first strawberries for market in this county were raised by O. F. Baxter jr., and the first peas by S. M. Brothers.

☞Thomas Turner, of Salem, died very suddenly on the 29th ult., and John Dance, one of the leading colored men of that township, died on the 1st inst.

☞Mr. Samuel Cartwright, one of our old and much respected citizens, died on Friday morning last, aged 60 years and 6 months. He had been in failing health for several years. His funeral took place on Sunday afternoon. There was a large attendance.

☞By special invitation, Rev. Geo. Baker preached at Salem on Sunday morning, and at Brother's School House in the afternoon. There were good congregations at both places. He has also been invited to preach an Ordination Sermon at the former place on the first Sunday in June.

☞That a man has a right, and should be permitted without question, to vote as he pleases, is a cardinal point ever insisted on by the CAROLINIAN; but then when a man solemnly declares that he will vote for A, and turns right round and deposites a ballot for the other man, a question of ethics comes up which it cannot reconcile with its notions of honor.

☞Rev. L. Branson, of Raleigh, who visited us a few weeks ago, gives his impressions to the *News & Observer* as follows:

Elizabeth City is decidedly the metropolis of the Albemarle section, and is a city of about 5,000 inhabitants. The hum of mills, the rattle of many million feet of lumber as it goes on board the large vessels at the wharves all go to impress an up-country man with the growing importance of the city.

☞The municipal election here on Monday, though a little exciting, passed off quietly. The Democrats were badly scared and worked like beavers—*even for the colored vote!* Notwithstanding the fact that they had so gerrymandered the wards as to make four out of the five of them solidly Democratic, they only succeeded in electing their candidates in two! And yet they called out the Band and jollified over it as a "Democratic victory!" The vote, as *cast*, was as follows, the Democratic nominees in *italics*.

FIRST WARD: Zephaniah Burgess, 34; *Thomas R. Munn*, 32.

SECOND WARD: *Jerome B. Flora*, elected without opposition.

THIRD WARD: Charles B Brothers, 51; *John Brocket*, 50.

FOURTH WARD: Emanuel Davis, elected without opposition.

FIFTH WARD: Henry M. Fearing, 29; *William G. Underwood*, 26. In this Ward the election Board threw out a Fearing ticket after it had been received and deposited, which they clearly had no right to do, and returned the vote a tie.

—The CAROLINIAN indulges in no invective against the Democratic candidates. They have a right to their views, and they had a right to accept the nomination of their party. It was simply as the representatives of a party whose principles, policy *and methods* the CAROLINIAN cannot conscientiously endorse, that it could not support them.

☞To a question: "Is it not a fact that a protective tariff only benefits a class of wage-workers?" the CAROLINIAN replies in the negative. Protection benefits all classes. It develops industrial pursuits, multiplies divisions and variety of manufacture, emarges the demand for labor, and increases the wage rate. The factory finds employment for labor that would otherwise crowd into the shop of the mechanic or to the fields of the farmer. Close the factory and the other industries would be overcrowded. Destroy manufacturing employments and the consumers of the agricultural product would become its producers. No large body of laborers in a community can be prosperous without imparting some measure of that prosperity to others. The wages of labor in one employment go to buy the product of a hundred other industries, and all are benefited.

☞Corn was 65 cents at Norfolk yesterday.

—Carpets and Matting at Fowler & Co's.

☞Which is the worst, a scrub breeder, or a breeder of scrubs?

—Lace Baby Caps, from 10c up to 50c, at Fowler & Co's.

☞The most successful man in any business is he who gives his occupation his undivided attention.

—Merchants wanting good Hats to sell at 25c, send to Fowler & Co's.

☞A woman's question—'What are you going to trim it with?"

☞"Uncle Isaac" gives it as the result of his observation that "de man dat has de mos' pleasan' 'quaintences mighty often has de fewer real fren's."

—Fowler & Co's $7.50, $8.00 and $9.00 Men's Suits "take the cake."

☞In reply to "M.," we state that Alaska was purchased in 1867 for the sum of $7,200,000. It was under the administration of Johnson.

—Ladies who cannot visit Fowler & Co's., send for samples of Dress goods and they will be forwarded at once.

☞Most people believe in "the greatest good to the greatest number," and their greatest number is number one.

☞A certain hygienic writer gives it as his opinion the "fiend of the kitchen"—the bad cook—slays more men, women and children than cyclones, earthquakes, pestilence and famine.

—3 miles 4-4 soft bleached Cottons at 9c. at Fowler & Co's., and it costs nothing to examine it. Samples sent when requested.

☞On Monday Mr. Alfred M. Battley and Miss Ida F. Gordon, of Norfolk, came out on the noon Express, and were married by Rev. J. T. Whitley. They returned on the evening train.

☞A correspondent of the *Scientific American* states the worst toothache, or neuralgia, coming from the teeth, may be speedily and delightfully ended by the application of a small bit of cotton, saturated in a strong solution of ammonia, to the defective tooth.

☞The retiring Board of Town Commissioners stood three Democrats and two Republicans. On organizing, the Democrats were divided on Mayor, Town Constable and Printing. All three owe their election to the Republicans. We simply refer to this as a matter of local history.

☞"Student" wants to know what is meant by "Mason and Dixon's line." It was originally the boundary line between Maryland and Pennsylvania which was established by the eminent surveyors and mathematicians, Cha's Mason and Jeremiah Dixon, who were sent from England to survey it, which they did in the years from 1763 to 1767. In later years Mason and Dixon's line took in the broader meaning of the line which separated the free from the slave States.

☞Here are some proverbs about Luck and Labor which it would be well for all the boys to memorize. Listen and learn: Luck is waiting for something to turn up. Labor, with keen eyes and strong will, goes and turns up something. Luck lies in bed and wishes the postman would come and bring him the news of a legacy. Labor turns out early, and with busy pen or ringing hammer lays the foundation for competence. Luck relies on chance; Labor on character. Luck slips down to indigence. Labor strides up to independence. Young man, make your choice.

☞The CAROLINIAN believes in honesty and efficiency in the public service. It believes in a sound currency and an honest dollar. It believes in a protective tariff and in the honor of American labor. It believes, too, in protecting the many-fingered industries of our own people from all harm, come from whatever source it may. It believes in school books, and in a free and open discussion of all public questions in every nook and corner of the broad Republic. It believes in impartial suffrage, and that every man shall vote as he pleases, and that his vote shall be honestly counted and just as it was cast. Furthermore, the CAROLINIAN believes in *local self-government*—in the right of the PEOPLE to select their township and county officers. All this is in answer to a letter over the signature, "I'd Like to Know."

LOCAL MENTION.

Gardens looking well.—Mrs. K. Kook, daughter and grand child, of Norfolk, paid Mr. John H. Ziegler and family a visit last week. We acknowledge the compliment of a call.—Our young friend Wm. Badham, the popular and accommodating Clerk of the Woodard House at Edenton, dropped in to see us on Monday. He was on his way to Philadelphia to enter a larger field of work.—On Sunday, by M. B Culpepper esq, Mr. George T. Bailey was married to Mrs. Martha L. Haughton, both of this city. The CAROLINIAN's congratulations, friend George!—The measures for the new uniforms of the Pasquotank Rifles have been taken. The color is to be light blue, instead of gray as was once decided on.—There was a large attendance at the Methodist Church on Sunday morning, to hear Rev. Mr. Whitley's sermon to "Old Men." He is certainly a very able preacher.—Messrs F. M. Grice and Lieut't Chayter, with their wives, left on Monday on a visit to the cities of Baltimore and Washington.—Really, it was amusing to see the efforts made and means resorted to by certain Democrats to get colored votes on Monday. And they got some.—Dr. Lumsden is attending the annual meeting of the State Medical Society at Fayetteville this week.—All the fishing hands have returned.—Mr. A. E Jacobs and family went down to Nag's Head last week.—The Republicans of Elizabeth City will hold their preinct meeting at the Court House on Friday night, at 8 o'clock, to elect delegates to the County Convention.—Read the clear and explicit Card of Mr. Fearing.—Several of our lawyers left on the Dickerman last night for Dare Court.

—"Chesnuts!" It's the same old story; our goods are the cheapest. It's worth telling twice; so we repeat the assertion. The finishing stroke was when we knocked our prices flat down.

ROBINSON & Co.

A Card.

It has been reported and asserted as a positive fact all over this city by some malicious and designing person or persons that I registered and voted in the city of Norfolk, Va. This I positively deny, by saying that I never approached any Registration office before or during any election in Norfolk, and I further say that the report is a base falsehood and the author a base slanderer.

HENRY M. FEARING.

Elizabeth City, N.C., May 8, 1888.

—Merchants wanting Shoes will do well to see Fowler & Co's. They carry anything from a ladies' fine Slipper to a mens' heavy Brogan. Prices guarantied.

THE DISTRICT.

Dare Superior Court opens at Manteo to-day. The case of Bullock vs. Baxter is for trial.

The Superior Court of Hyde will be held at Swan Quarter next week. Several important cases.

Mrs. Dr. W. J. Leary died at her home in Edenton last week. She was a most estimable and highly esteemed lady.

Allen Carbarras, the man who was drowned at Skinner's Point Fishery, near Edenton, on the 23d of April, was drawn in by the seine on the 1st inst.

Joshua H Cox, a prominent lumberman at Blount's Creek, was murdered last Saturday by a desperado named Thomas Frazier. The murderer was lodged in jail at Washington, but that night a party took him out and lynched him.

A difficulty arose between a crowd of colored men working in the shingle swamps near Pactolus, Pitt county, and some farm hands, last week. Sticks were used and during the affray James Whitehurst shot Newton Ceemmons, killing him. Whitehurst made his escape, but was captured and lodged in Greenville jail.

STATE ITEMS

Seventy one persons were buried at Durham last year.

Hickory has a new and very handsome hotel, costing $35,000.

The residence of W. A. Dunn, at Scotland Neck, was burned last week.

It is proposed to raise $15,000 to endow a chair at Trinity College.

The handsomest building in Charlotte is the Young Men's Christian Association Building. It has already cost upwards of $15,000 and will cost when completed and furnished between eighteen and twenty thousand dollars.

It is estimated that there were over five thousand people at Morehead City on the 1st inst, in attendance upon the laying of the corner stone of the Teachers' Assembly building. F. H. Busbee esq., of Raleigh, delivered the oration.

Commissioner of Immigration Patrick, who went to Baltimore in the interest of the fruit canners of this State to make an effort to secure improved and economic outfits for them at a minimum cost, reports that his trip was highly satisfactory.

A Mystery.

What is a mystery? One of Webster's definitions is "that which is beyond human comprehension *until explained.*" To some persons the Compound Oxygen is a mystery. Any one who would like to clear up this mystery and know "what Compound Oxygen is—its mode of action and results," may receive a work with that title, containing nearly two hundred pages of interesting reading free of cost on sending address to Drs. Starkey & Palen, the physicians who have so successfully used this treatment and who seek to satisfy the natural curiosity to have the "mystery" explained. Their new offices are at 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Don't Experiment

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all Throat, Lung and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at Wood & Wadsworth's Drug Large bottles $1.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

CONDUCTED BY "COUSIN EVELEEN."

Among the many fallacies taught by unreflecting persons, is the doctrine that ignorance is the grand cause of all ill-doing. They say:

"Let us only show people the path in which they ought to go, and gladly as birds raise their chorus of joy at sunrise, they will welcome the good tidings. Let us tell the boys and Girls of the evil effect of nicotine and explain all about tobacco and they will never touch another cigarette. Let us pass a certain law prohibiting the sale of liquor to minors, for example—and no man will dare to do it!"

But alas! these reasoners are self deluders, and deceiving themselves first, they become blind leaders of the blind, and their end is loss.

Teaching people to do right is, of course important, but it should never be rated as more than the seed sown in expectation of the harvest. He who sows a field with cotton or grain, and leaves it to the mercy of wind and weather till harvest time is like the framer of a law, who can not hope to see it enforced, or the teacher of a code of morals not heeded by the pupils.

The very first things needful are faith and fear of God. Many people do wrong, not because they don't know any better, but because they don't care. To the people who do care, this state of things is amazing, O, for an awakening in the hearts of everybody to the great truth that "the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom." O for at least so much religion to be taught in our schools as should inculcate obedience to teacher and parent, not as a simple rule whereby all are benefitted, but as an act of duty to God. Then the foundation of a good character would be laid; then we should meet Boys and Girls grateful for instruction and full of reverence for their instructors.

Apropos of the Boys and Girls who are warned by parents and taught by preachers and teachers the "way in which they should go," and will not profit by it, some may ask, and ask with tears, "Can nothing be done for them?" Nothing! Their case is hopeless—until they do care, and care enough to do right. And the longer they put off trying the harder it will be to begin.

Now Boys and Girls, these remarks apply to habits of indolence and inattention, as well as to cigarette smoking. The golden days of youth are not yours to keep, they are yours to improve; they are the Garden of Eden of each young life. O banish the serpent, in whatever form he comes, and begin now to care to do as you are taught by loving parents and friends.

"Stand up and be counted my brother;
Why sit you there sorrowing here?
Know you not that yourself and no other
Can be blamed for your post in the rear?
In the struggle of life, as in battle
The victors are those in the van,
Whether bullets or principles rattle
Stand up and be counted a man!"

COUSIN EVELEEN.

ANSWERS TO PUZZLES OF May 9.

To Decapitations by M.—No. 1. Star. No. 2. Male. No. 3. Batter. No. 4. Near. To Enigma by E. M—Murphy's Photograph Gallery.

CHARADE.

By Fannie.

My first is from the cotton drawn,
And silk and linen too,
In every treat concealed I am
One, three, and often two.
My second mother Nature gives
To every living being
To keep it full and guard it well
All agree in duty seeing.
My whole is the name of a famous town
Founded 1620, time of renown.

DECAPITATIONS.

By M.

No. 1. Behead to be angry and leave a time of repose.
No. 2. Behead a kind of grass and leave an unhappy being who delights in his sorrow.
No. 3 Behead an inquiry and leave the reply.
No. 4. Behead one kind of a biped and leave another.

—The celebrated "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe," also a full line of his other advertised goods may be found at H. Weisel's, Agent, Elizabeth City.

Interesting to Ladies.

Our lady readers can hardly fail to have their attention called this week to the latest combination of improvements in that most useful of all domestic implements, the "sewing machine."

As we understand it, a machine for family use should meet first of all these requirements: It should be simple in mechanism; it should run easily; it should do a wide range of work; it should be as nearly noiseless as possible; it should be light, handsome, durable, and as cheap as is consistent with excellence throughout.

These conditions the "Light-Running New Home" certainly meets. It has also several very important and useful attachments and "notions" of its own, which go far to make good its claims to popular favor.

The "New Home" specially recommends itself to purchasers on account of its superior mechanical construction, ease of management and reasonable price. Over half a million have been sold in the last three years, all of which are giving universal satisfaction. This unrivalled machine is manufactured by the NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE Co., Orange, Mass, and 28 Union Square, New York.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

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GOLD

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co, 106 Wall-street, New York.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

NORFOLK SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE 22, TAKES EFFECT APRIL 30, 1888.

Mail and Express (Southbound), daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City 12.30 P. M. Northbound, leaves at 3.30 P. M..

The Accomodation daily, except Lundays, leaves at 7 o'clock A. M., and returning, arrives at 9.15 P. M.

The above Trains, which are Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, arrive at and depart from the Depot of the Norfolk Western Railroad at Norfolk.

Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers.

At Edenton—With N. & K. R. R. Co's steamboats Plymouth, M. E. Roberts and Ranger, for all points on Albemarle Sound and Little, Cashie and Roanoke rivers, and Jamesville & Washington, and Albemarle & Raleigh railroads, and with Steamer Keystone tri-weekly for Jamesville, Winton, Murfreesboro and all landings on the Chowan and Meherrin rivers.

The Steamer Plymouth, plying between Edenton and Williamston, will go to Hamilton on Tuesday and Friday of each week, leaving that place at 2 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday and Saturday.

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R. from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

M. K. KING, General Manager.

EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

Regular line of Steamers between Atlantic and North Carolina R. R., Newberne, Washington and Elizabeth City.

Daily rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through bills, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Despatch, as follows: From Norfolk, by Norfolk Southern Railroad; Baltimore by P. W. & B. R. R., President St., Station; Philadelphia by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock St., Station; New York by Penn'a R. R., Pier 27 North River.

T. SELBY HARNEY,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent.

OFFICE OF
SUPERINTENDENT DISMAL SWAMP CANAL
Norfolk, Va. Feb 14, 1888.

THE DISMAL SWAMP CANAL, will admit sharp-built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels, four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from this Office.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beam (the dimension called for by the Charter,) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

HENRY ROBERTS, Superintendent

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS

W. G. UNDERWOOD,
Surveyor & Civil Engineer.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
☞Prompt and Careful attention given to all kinds of work.

PALEMON JOHN, Notary Public. Office in the NORTH CAROLINIAN Building.

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Attorney & Counselor-at-Law
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Collections promptly made. ☞Special attention given to real estate.

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law.
Practices in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle section, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

C. W. GRANDY E. F. AYDLETT
GRANDY & AYDLETT,
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Will practice in all the Courts of North Carolina. Prompt attention given to collections.

R. H. McINTOSH,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at residence, on South Road Str
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

TO SPORTSMEN!

The subscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he has again

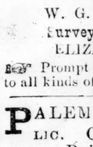
THE OLD STAND ON ROAD STREET,

And keeps on hand an assortment of Rifles Pistols, Sporting Apparatus, and Cutlery.

☞Repairing in his line promptly done

GEO. W. BELL.

F. M. COOK,



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70 Road Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

F. COOK has well selected stock JEWELRY and SILVER WARE, WATCHES CLOCKS Ladies and Misses' Sets Pins and Ear Rings, Studs, Collar and Cuff Button rackets Chains, Necklaces, etc.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS FOR THE

LIVER

And all Bilious Complaints

Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping. Price 25 cts. All Druggists.

IT'S OUR TREAT!

So come right along for we are bound to do the liberal thing with you. When you come to us, you will find we don't work off old stock but give you

THE STDAIGHT GOODS,

every time. The clothing we sell was not made of pig's wool and caterpiller's eyebrows and sewn together with a red hot needle and burn thread. We invite you to examine

THE RAW MATERIAL

and prove it—all wool. Try the seams of our clothing and if you **don't go on a tear** before they go, you may expect to last to a good old age.

HAPPINESS PROMOTED, LIFE PROLONGED, PLENTY PROVIDED

by trading with

MOSES WEISEL, Ag't,

CORNER MAIN & WATER STREETS, ELIZABETH CITY NC

Wholesale Department.

FOWLER & CO. have opened a Wholesale Dry goods, Notions and Shoe Department above their Retail Store, and invite the Merchants of Eastern Carolina to call and examine Goods. Prices Guaranteed.

Carpet Department.

Back of their Shoe Store FOWLER & CO have opened a Carpet Room, where you will find Brussels, Tavestry, Ingrains, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Mattings, Smyrna Tapestry and Oil Rugs and Mats, and Floor Oil Cloth 1 to 8 yards wide.

Cloak & Clothing Department.

Back of their Dry Goods Store FOWLER & CO., have opened a Cloak and Clothing Department, where you can get Ladies and Childrens Cloaks & Wraps from Plush Cloaks at $20, down to $3.50.

FOWLER & CO., have 1300 feet more Space now to do business in and their customers will find their Dry Goods Store now comfortable and a larger variety of Dress Goods, Trimmings, Underwear, Blankets and Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., to select from than ever before.

FOWLER & CO'S., Shoe Store is over run with Boots, Shoes and Hats, by every one who comes is politely waited on. Mail orders promptly filled.

J. B. FLORA

GROCER and TOBACCONIST,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN PROVISIONS, HAY, LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, PAINTS, OILS, ETC

South West Corner Main and Water Streets.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

FLORA'S reputation for being one of the best BUYERS to be found anywhere having been established. Buying large quantities direct from the Manufacturers, thereby saving the "middle man's" profit, enables him to sell cheaper and put money in the pocket of his customers.

If you have not called on him do so at once; he will save you money

Dupont's Powder, Seal N, C. Smoking Tobacco, James Reed & Co.'s Cakes and Crackers, Harrison Bro's & Co.s R. M. Paints, Atmor's Mince Meat and Bright Plum Pudding, Sold at Factory Prices.

☞**The Highest Cash Prices paid for all Country Produce**

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Bibles, School Books, Poets, Novels, etc., at New York Prices

ALBUMS, SUNDAY SCHOOL SUPPLIES, STATIONERY, Tablets, Fleck Tools, Musical Instruments, Toilet Soaps, Perfumery etc.,

P. W. HELICK.

By all means call and see ME... Whole sale and Retail Establishment... you want to Save Money.

— WARES. — Queens-Ware, Porcelain, French & Decorated ware, Glass-ware Chandeliers, Window Glass, etc.

FURNITURE. House-hold Furnishing Goods, Tinware, Wooden-ware Table Cutlery Baskets, Childrens' Carriages, Pictures, Novelties, Carpets Floor & Table Oil Cloth, Wall Paper.

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VIGOROUS HEALTH

Avoid the impositions of pretenders. A victim for these troubles, and all Quacks whose only aim is to bleed the afflicted as long as a dollar can be got out of them, can do and has done so. I will show you how you can be CURED thousands, does not interfere with attention to business, or cause loss of inconvenience in any way. Send for my book on scientific medical principles, by mail, free, or call at my office. By timely application to the seat of disease the most wonderful influence is felt without delay. The natural functions of the human organism restored. The wasted enervating elements of life are given back, the pale cheek becomes cheerful and rapidly gains both strength and health.

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7.

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GRANITE IRONWARE.

FOR BROILING, BAKING, BOILING, PRESERVING.

IS LIGHT; HANDSOME, WHOLESOME, DURABLE.

The Best Ware Made for the Kitchen.

Manufactured only by the

St. Louis Stamping Co. St. Louis

For Sale by all Stove, Hardware and House Furnishing Dealers.

Cook Book and Price List Free on Application. Be Sure to Mention this Paper.

SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Senate Proceedings.

54TH DAY.—A bill was introduced to require the purchase and coinage of not less than $4,000,000 worth of silver bullion per month....Mr. Stewart offered a resolution, which was laid over, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a statement of the amount of silver bullion offered to the Government since the passage of the Silver Coinage Act, and by whom and at what prices; also of the amount of silver bullion purchased each month during the same period, and from whom and at what prices....The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the Railroad Land Forfeiture bill. After discussion, the bill went over without action. The International Copyright bill was taken up and discussed, and several minor amendments passed.

55TH DAY.—The following bills were reported: The Senate bill appropriating $100,000 for a public building at Sterling, Ill.; the House bill to establish a Department of Labor; the Senate bill to restrict the use and sale of opium in the District of Columbia and the Territories; the Senate bill defining the positions and salaries of assistant astronomers at the United States Naval Observatory ....A bill was introduced to establish an educational fund, and to provide for a more complete endowment of colleges for scientific and industrial education....A bill was referred appropriating $100,000 for the prevention and extirpation of yellow fever in the United States....Mr. Spooner offered a resolution (which was adopted) calling on the Civil Service Commissioners for complete lists of all persons who have received promotional appointments to offices within the classified service in Washington since March 4, 1885....The President sent vetoes of the bills to pension Mary Sullivan because she was already on the pension rolls, and of William Sackman because he was intoxicated when his injuries were received....Mr. Ingalls spoke on the question to refer the President's message.

56TH DAY.—The Direct Tax bill has been again offered to the Senate as an amendment to the Sundry Appropriation bill....The new Chinese treaty was reported to the Senate favorably from the Foreign Relations Committee with two amendments....Senator Edmunds introduced a bill to-day to increase the pensions to "soldiers, sailors or marines who contracted heart disease during the war."....The Senate has adopted the resolution to elicit certain information concerning the administration of the New York Custom House. The resolution directs the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish the Senate with full information as to employes in the Customs service in New York....The nomination of Melville W. Fuller to be Chief Justice was referred to committee.

57TH DAY.—The House bill to retire Alfred Pleasonton with the rank of Colonel was referred....The House bill for the presentation of a gold medal of the first class to Captain Thomas Sampson, of New York City, for bravery in rescuing five boys from drowning three in June, 1881, and two in June, 1886, was passed....A bill to execute certain treaty stipulations prohibiting Chinese immigration was referred....The Senate then considered the Railroad Land Grant Forfeiture bill. The bill went over without action....Mr. Palmer addressed the Senate in support of the bill for the establishment of a Bureau of Animal Industry. Mr. Plumb spoke with severity against the combination of beef and pork packers in Chicago in that connection ....In the executive session of the Senate the Chinese Treaty was taken up and considered at length. After the discussion of the treaty, it was decided to make the document public. The injunction of secrecy was solemnly removed and the treaty given out for publication....After executive session a bill was passed to perfect the quarantine service of the United States.

House Proceedings.

99TH DAY.—Two resolutions calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information relative to the seal fisheries in Alaska were adopted....After a short discussion as to whether it was competent for the House to proceed to the consideration of private business the House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Springer of Illinois in the chair) on the Tariff bill. Mr. Brewer, of Michigan, took the floor and spoke in support of the present protective tariff. Speeches were also delivered by Messrs. Tarsney, Russell, Goff, Ford and Landes.

100TH DAY.—On motion of Mr. Bryce of New York the Senate bill to provide an anchorage for vessels in New York harbor was passed....The debate on the Mills Tariff bill occupied the remainder of the day's session.

101ST DAY.—The House continued the discussion over the Mills Tariff bill. The debate was participated in by Messrs. Grosvenor, Rayner, Nutting, Henderson, Hemphill and Gallinger.

102D DAY.—The continuation of the debate over the Mills Tariff bill occupied the entire day's session. Mr. Foran spoke in opposition to the measure, and was followed by Messrs. McCreary and O'Ferrall, who supported the bill.

103D DAY.—The day was devoted to the debate over the Mills Tariff bill. Messrs. Wilson and Lanham spoke in support of the measure, while Messrs. McComas and Allen took the floor in opposition to it.

104TH DAY.—Mr. Wilson, a member of the Committee on Ways and Means continued the tariff debate in the House, his speech consuming the entire morning session. Mr. Dingley, in a speech which lasted through the remainder of the day's session, argued against tariff reform.

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CINCINNATI, OHIO.

CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER.

The President Nominates a Successor to Mr. Waite.

Melville W. Fuller, of Chicago, Receives the Appointment.

MELVILLE W. FULLER.

The President has nominated Melville W. Fuller, of Chicago, to be Chief Justice of the United States. Mr. Fuller is a native of Maine and is a grandson of ex-Chief Justice Weston of that State. He has, however, been a resident of Illinois for many years, and has obtained a prominent place at the bar of Chicago. He is a personal friend of the President, and is well known in Washington from his frequent visits on business before the Supreme Court. He was not an applicant, and has not been in Washington since the death of Chief Justice Waite.

It was known that President Cleveland held Mr. Fuller in the very highest estimation long before there was any thought of his name in connection with the exalted office for which he has been named.

The President had in every possible way tried to secure Mr. Fuller's services in some office within his gift. He asked him to be Solicitor General of the Department of Justice. He wanted him to give his ability as a member of the Civil Service Commission, the Interstate Commerce Commission or the Pacific Railroad Commission. To all the President's offers Mr. Fuller replied respectfully declining any of the proposed honors. He said his preferences were wholly as an active member of his profession and as such he could not indulge in political preferment. This only served to increase Mr. Cleveland's esteem for him, until at last he offers him the greatest honor within the gift of the President of the United States.

In politics he is best described as an old school Democrat. He believes in an advanced doctrine of States rights and advocates a simple government. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and has been prominently identified with that organization, and has been conspicuous in the Cheney and other famous ecclesiastical trials.

Mr. Fuller's Career.

Mr. Melville Weston Fuller was born in Augusta, on Feb. 11, 1833. His father was Frederick A. Fuller; his mother Catherine Martin, daughter of Chief Justice Nathan Weston. Melville W. fitted for college in Augusta and graduated at Bowdoin in the class of 1853, his classmate being E. J. Phelps, our Minister to England. Mr. Fuller, after leaving college, began the study of law at Bangor. After attending lectures in the law department of Harvard University he began the practice of his profession in Augusta in 1856. While waiting for clients he acted as editor of the *Age* and won his spurs in journalism. Feeling that his true field of work was the law, and realizing that his native city did not afford that scope or effort which he stood in need of, Mr. Fuller went to Chicago. There he did not have to wait long for practice. His ability was speedily recognized and properly rewarded. For thirty years he has enjoyed a lucrative practice, and has won distinction among the foremost at the Illinois Bar. In 1861 he was elected a member of the State Constitutional Convention, in 1862 he was chosen to the Legislature, and although a Democrat running each time in a strong Republican district, he was victorious by large majorities. He was a delegate to the Democratic National conventions of 1864, 1872, 1876 and 1880. In 1880 he was selected by the citizens to deliver the address of welcome to Stephen A. Douglas. In 1858 Mr. Fuller married Calista O. Reynolds, and, after her decease, Mary Ellen, daughter of the distinguished banker, William F. Coolbaugh. He has eight daughters.

In his practice in the Supreme Court of the United States Mr. Fuller has repeatedly come in contact, both as a colleague and as an opponent, with Messrs. Edmunds, Thurman, Hoadly, Ingersoll and other admittedly great lawyers. He is familiar with the decisions of that Court and well informed in the history of our country, and especially in constitutional questions. Not content with the vast amount of reading and writing, which of necessity results from the active practice of his profession, Mr. Fuller has had an immense amount of miscellaneous reading and considerable writing by way of recreation.

Mr. Fuller is a slim, wiry-looking man, rather below the middle height. He has silver-gray hair and a drooping gray moustache. He dresses well, and is considered exceptionally good looking. His face is fresh and unwrinkled, his 55 years notwithstanding. He is a popular club man and goes a good deal into society. He is one of the best known lawyers in the Northwest.

THE seahorse is a curious little creature. It is not an animal, but a fish. It is bony, has tufted gills, and belongs to the piko family. It grows from six to eight inches long. The snout is prolonged and the head elevated posteriorly, very much resembling the head of a horse, the ears being represented by a spiny coronet on the occiput. The tail is long and whiplike, and without a fin. It is with the tail that these fish suspend themselves to seaweeds and other submarine objects. The eyes are prominent, and can be moved independently of each other and in opposite directions. In swimming these fish always assume an upright position.

GENESEO ROAD CART!

First Premium and Gold Medal at New Orleans Exposition, 1886.

Thousands rode in it at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, 1884-5, at Louisville Exposition, Ky., 1885, and pronounced it the best in the world; also at the Minneapolis Industrial Exposition, 1886, and received the highest honors.

This Cart rides as easy as any Buggy, and is positively free from Horse Motion.

Has two cranks to move in unison with the horse's step, and always keeps the body in a horizontal line.

OUR GUARANTEE.

We will sell you a Geneseo on TEN DAYS TRIAL and guarantee it to ride as easy and to be as FREE FROM HORSE MOTION as any buggy. If not just as represented, return to us at our expense.

STOOD THE TEST FOR OVER TWO YEARS.

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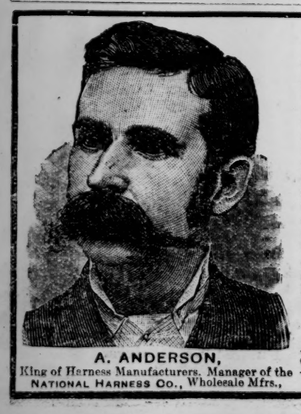

Every word we say we can stand by.

DEAR SIR: Do you want to see the latest WONDER of '87. ANSWER TO-DAY. A $35 Single Harness reduced to $25. The finest Harness MADE for the money. Handsome nickel or imitation rubber gold finish mountings. HAND made from oak stock, unsurpassed for style and durability. If you will allow us we will send you a sample for your inspection to show you what progress we have made by making a SPECIALTY and getting out over 800 setts each month. You can keep the sample at only $20, $5 less than price here or return at OUR EXPENSE. Can we make a more liberal offer? We shall expect to hear from you at once saying YES send on your Harness. Folded or single strap style.

NATIONAL HARNESS CO.,

Wholesale Manufacturers,

14 to 24 Wells St. Buffalo, N. Y.

A. ANDERSON,

King of Harness Manufacturers. Manager of the NATIONAL HARNESS CO., Wholesale Mfrs.,

Collar and Hames, $2 Extra. No Breast Collar

Double Style for two horses, Price, 35.00.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

JOHN B. BISCOE, a colored man, has been hanged at Leonardtown, Md., for the murder of Captain R. P. Dixon in 1886.

THE sixty-sixth anniversary of the birthday of General Grant was celebrated through out the country, particularly by notable gatherings of men in New York, Boston and Pittsburg.

THE remains of ex-Governor John T. Hoffman, who recently died abroad, were brought to New York, and after memorial services in Grace Church, were taken to Sing Sing, N. Y., and there interred.

FREDERICK WITTE, a New York clerk, while attempting to put out an electric light received a shock that resulted fatally.

A LAD in Grove City, Penn., hanged himself because his mother whipped him.

THE Rev. Edgar L. Heermance, former pastor of the Presbyterian Church at White Plains, N. Y., committed suicide Sunday by shooting himself while standing in that church's pulpit.

GENERAL JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON, the highest in rank of living officers of the Confederate army, has been unanimously elected an honorary member of E. D. Baker Post, G. A. R., of Philadelphia.

FRESHETS have done much damage in valleys of the Connecticut, Merrimac, Kennebec and other New England rivers, and in the States of Wisconsin and Minnesota.

DAVID N. BURKE, of New York, to be Consul of the United States at Bahia, and Francis Gross, of New York, to be Appraiser of Merchandise in the district of New York, are the latest appointments by President Cleveland.

W. G. DUTTENHOFFER, tax-collector of Columbia, Penn., having defaulted to the amount of $6,000, now turns out to be a forger as well, his bonds having no genuine signatures upon them.

Two little children of Emil Faist were burned to death in New York city by the explosion of a kerosene lamp in the hands of their mother.

CHARLES A. RICKERD, a New York policeman caught in the act of robbing a store on his beat, was arrested, disgraced by having the buttons cut from his uniform, indicted, sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, and taken to Sing Sing, all in less than ten hours.

DR. SIMMONS, of New York, who attended Samuel J. Tilden in his last illness, has sued the executors of the Tilden estate for $145,000, the amount of his bill for medical services.

EX-ASSISTANT CASHIER DE BAUN, of the National Park Bank, New York, has stolen $50,000 of the institution's funds and fled, it is surmised, to Canada. This does not affect the stability of the bank, as it has a large surplus.

NEW HAMPSHIRE Democrats held their State Convention at Concord, and adopted resolutions approving the President's message on the subject of Tariff reform, and recommending him to the St. Louis convention for renomination. The delegates were instructed to so vote in the Presidential Convention.

South and West.

AT Galesburg, Ill., W. A. Heiberg, a Burlington engineer, killed Herbert Newell, a striker, and seriously wounded a fireman.

ALEXANDER JONES has been hanged at Tallahassee, Fla., for the murder of George Cuthbert. While in jail waiting to receive the death penalty he murdered one of his guards.

BY the breaking through of the floor in the Rushsylvania (Ohio) town hall, three persons were killed and many injured.

JOHN QUARLES, of Ridgeway, S. C., attempted to punish his young brother for a trifling offense, when the boy stabbed him to the heart, killing him instantly.

ARCH STOLTZ, a farmer who lived near Richmond, Ky., killed himself with poison. His brother William, seeing the corpse, took the remainder of the drug and died, asking to be buried in the same coffin with Arch.

A PEANUT trust has been formed at Norfolk, Va., which controls the entire peanut interest of this country with the exception of three small factories.

THE bodies of Mrs. Mary J. Kearney, aged sixty, and James Hand, aged seventy, have been discovered on the ranch where they had been living, ten miles from Colorado Springs, Col. The boy had a large fortune, which was left in trust for him. There is no clue to the murderers.

THE boiler in William Caldwell's file factory at Rushville, Ind., exploded, killing three men and wounding five others.

HENRY POPE, a colored murderer, was sentenced to be hanged Friday, at Summerville, Ga., but Governor Gordon respited him for sixty days. There was such intense feeling against the culprit, however, that a mob of citizens took him from jail and lynched him.

THE State Republican Convention met at Columbia, S. C., and chose delegates to the Chicago Convention, who go thither uninstructed on the subject of a Presidential nominee.

Two section men were killed and three badly hurt near Elko, Neb., by an engine running into a hand car.

THE Wisconsin Democracy assembled in convention at Madison and adopted resolutions demanding Tariff reform and indorsing the administration of President Cleveland. A delegation was sent to the St. Louis Convention that will support Cleveland for the Presidential nomination. As electors-at-large the Convention elected Nelson Dewey, who was the first Governor the State of Wisconsin ever had, and Thomas Thompson, a young Norwegian, from Trempealeau county.

GENERAL WIRT ADAMS, postmaster of Jackson, Miss., and John H. Martin, editor of the *New Mississippian*, fought a street duel, in which both were killed. The cause of animosity was certain articles in Martin's paper reflecting on the veracity of Adams.

Washington.

A MAJORITY of the members of both houses have accepted the invitation of the Secretary of the Navy to witness the launching of the new war vessels at the Cramp shipyard in Philadelphia.

TOTAL amount of bonds offered in reply to Secretary Fairchild's recent call, $8,601,050; total accepted, $8,775,650; total cost, $4,291,790.75. Total saving in interest to the Government, $865,984.75.

THE President has approved the act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy; the act to secure the relinquishment of the Indian title to certain portions of the reservation of the Sioux nation of Indians; the act ratifying an agreement with the Gros Ventre, Piegan, Blood, Blackfeet, and River Crow Indians in Montana; the act for a public building at Greenville, S. C., and the act for the construction of an arsenal at Columbia, Tenn.

Foreign.

QUEEN VICTORIA has returned to England, landing at Sheerness.

THE Panama Lottery Loan bill has passed the French Chamber of Deputies by a vote of 312 to 132. This empowers Count De Lesseps to establish a lottery in furtherance of his Ship Canal scheme in Panama.

THE Servian Ministry has resigned and a new Ministry formed.

THIRTEEN lives were lost by the sinking of the ship Smyrna off the Isle of Wight.

MEXICAN troops had a sharp battle with hostile Yaqui Indians on the Tejambpo Mountains, in which twenty-one redskins were killed and fourteen taken prisoner.

THE British Government offers to owners of over twenty horses an annual retainer of $2.50 for each horse for the option of purchasing them in time of war.

PAUL KRUGER has been re-elected President of the Transvaal Republic.

SIR ALFRED PHILLIPPS RYDER, Admiral of her British Majesty's fleet, has been drowned in the Thames at London. Admiral Ryder suffered from insomnia, and the drowning was the result of an accident.

TOWED BY A WHALE.

Remarkable Adventure of a Gloucester Fishing Schooner.

A letter has been received from the cook of the schooner H. B. Griffin, Captain George Nelson, of Gloucester, Mass., now on a trip for salt cod on the Banks, in which a very strange occurrence is narrated.

She arrived on the Banks a few weeks ago and found fish exceedingly plenty. One day, which was moderately fine, and while the crew were all out in their dories attending their trawls, the captain and cook remained aboard, as is customary, the sails being reefed and the vessel at anchor, the two occupants felt a sudden jerk and a moment afterward the vessel was going through the water at a rapid rate. They rushed on deck to find the cause of the commotion, but none was discovered until suddenly a large whale came to the surface to blow, with the anchor attached to his side. The marine monster had evidently been swimming near the bottom of the ocean, where he became attached to the fluke of the anchor.

Once on the surface the maddened whale tore through the water at a frantic rate, so fast as to nearly submerge the bows. The captain saw that they were rapidly losing sight of their crew in the dories and would leave them alone on the ocean, so he cut the cable and freed the vessel. The jibs and foresail were hoisted, and they returned and secured their crew, who had filled their dories with finny freight. The vessel was put on the course for Newfoundland, where a new cable and anchor have been secured.

A GREAT TUNNEL.

Piercing the Heart of the Cascade Mountains.

A Notable Feat of Engineering in Washington Territory.

At 12:30 P. M., Pacific time, on Thursday, the great Stampede Tunnel through the Cascade Mountains, on the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad, in Washington Territory, became an accomplished fact. The workmen from each end met in the heart of the Cascade range, and the last borings were completed. As soon as a hole large enough for passage was made, Mrs. N. B. Turner, wife of the foreman of the west drift, who had been waiting, stepped through the breach, and was thus the first to pass from west to east through the bowels of the mountains. Nearly 30 feet of heading was drilled in the 24½ hours from noon of Wednesday, the day which had been set for the final boring. There were no strangers in the tunnel when the work was approaching completion, and Mrs. Turner was the only person except the workmen who was admitted.

The formal opening of this great work will be about the first of June, after which it is expected that trains will run through regularly, and the temporary road over the mountains via the Switchback will be forever abandoned. The work has been accomplished in less time and with fewer accidents than that of any other tunnel of its kind in the world, and nearly every accident has been due to the peculiar nature of the strata.

The contract for building this tunnel was let to Wilson Bennett, and work was begun in the middle of April, 1886. The material and machinery had to be hauled in wagons a distance of ninety miles, over a rough country, with hardly a road, and some of the heavy machinery was moved block and tackle the whole distance, and $125,000 had been expended before the actual work began. Men were scarce, but the contractor procured them from all parts of the Union and from Europe, but until the Cascade Division was finished he had difficulty in keeping the work moving.

The tunnel is 9650 feet long and 16 feet wide by 20½ feet high in the clear, and is intended for a single track road. The west end approach consisted of open cut through trap rock, while the east end enters the tunnel by crossing a creek immediately under a cataract, which has a fall of 100 feet. Before closing this creek the track is made by cutting a heavy ridge or slide of earth and loose rock. These two approaches contained in the aggregate upward of 30,000 cubic yards of material, most of which was solid rock, which had to be blasted. The strata or formations of the mountain lie nearly flat, having but a slight inclination from east to west across the entire range. By reason of this, the work was more dangerous and difficult than is experienced in most tunnels. The rock throughout was a gray conglomerate basalt, of medium hardness, but slacking and scaling on exposure to air, rendering timbering necessary.

The work has been constantly prosecuted from both ends since the first stroke was made, and the meeting of the two crews in the heart of the mountain took place Thursday. The machinery used in constructing the tunnel was of the most approved kind and is in excellent order. The tunnel is run without air shafts.

The work has been carried on by electric light, power for which is supplied by a small mountain stream which flows down the mountain and falls directly over the mouth of the tunnel. It is estimated that the tunnel cost over $2,000,000. Trains will be running through it within two weeks.

LATER NEWS.

THE Connecticut Democracy met in State Convention at Hartford and passed resolutions demanding a readjustment of the Tariff and elected delegates to the St. Louis Convention who are pledged to support Cleveland for renomination.

CONGRESSMAN THOMAS R. REED has been re-nominated by the Republicans of the 1st Maine District.

THE town of Ralston, Penn., has been destroyed by fire.

THE Illinois Republican State Convention met at Springfield and Mayor Joseph W. Fifer, of Bloomington, was nominated for Governor. Resolutions indorsing Judge Gresham as a candidate for the presidential nomination were passed.

THE Democrats of Iowa held their State Convention at Dubuque, and elected district delegates to the St Louis Presidential Convention. The delegation goes thither unpledged.

THE California Republican Convention convened at Sacramento and chose an unpledged delegation to the Chicago Presidential Convention.

GEORGE MORTON, a miner, killed Deputy Marshal Kelly at Warrior, Ala., and was lynched by citizens, who dragged the homicide from a freight train on which he was being carried to Birmingham for safety. He was hanged and then riddled with bullets.

THE Convention to organize a farmers' trust in Kansas and the Mississippi Valley effected a permanent organization at Topeka, Kan., by electing ex-Governor David Butler, of Nebraska, President.

THE Senate, near the end of its session Wednesday, proceeded to the consideration of individual pension bills on the calendar, and in 65 minutes passed 105 of them, 42 being House bills.

THE public debt statement shows a reduction during April of $9,235,300. Total cash in the Treasury, $590,368,519.48.

THE value of the coinage of the United States mints during April was $5,321,203, of which $2,850,001 was silver.

THE Sultan of Morocco refuses to submit the differences between Morocco and the United States in reference to the men imprisoned at Rabat to arbitration, and the dispute has been reopened.

FIFTEEN banking houses in Buenos Ayres have suspended within ten days. The liabilities of one of the banks exceed $7,000,000. The government bank refuses to discount bills and a financial panic is the consequence.

ROSA SMITH, of Erie, Penn., took her life, with poison, because local editors would not print her poetry.

MYRON THOMAS, of Diana, N. Y., and a companion were drowned while driving logs at Pitcairn Forks, N. Y.

THE Pennsylvania State Prohibition Convention met at Harrisburg and elected delegates to the National Convention. James Black was nominated for Supreme Court Judge, and General Clinton B. Fisk was indorsed for President.

THE Democracy of New Jersey convened at Trenton to elect delegates to the St. Louis National Convention. Resolutions were adopted complimentary to President Cleveland's administration and the delegation was instructed to support him for renomination. Governor Green, ex-Governor Abbett, Senator Baker and Moses Bigelow were chosen as delegates-at-large.

FRED HAAR and Frank Kruger, brothers-in-law, quarreled at Saudusky, Mich. Haar shot Kruger, killing him, and fatally wounded his own young son.

THE State Convention of the Nebraska Democrats was held at Omaha. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the present Administration and the delegates to the National Convention were instructed to support Cleveland for renomination.

THE Republicans of Indiana assembled in State Convention at Indianapolis and elected a solid Harrison delegation to the Chicago National Convention, both from the State at large and by districts.

EDITOR WILLIAM O'BRIEN, the Irish member of Parliament, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for delivering an address at Loughrea, inciting the people to join the League in a "proclaimed" district.

JUDGE HENRY, of the Canadian Supreme Court, has died at Ottawa, aged seventy-two years. He was the most prominent figure in public life in Nova Scotia for thirty years.

A UNITED STATES Consular report declares that increased railroad facilities have made the beautifully located city of Zurich, Switzerland, a formidable rival to Lucerne and Geneva as a resort for pleasure-seekers from foreign lands. The erection of a large number of handsome new buildings, and the city's new quay improvements, which will cost when finished nearly $1,400,000, have already transformed Zurich into the most attractive of Swiss cities.

An Ingenious Chinese Clock.

A New Orleans gentleman has just received from San Francisco a wonderful piece of workmanship, which is a striking evidence of the patience, skill, and ingenuity of the natives of the Celestial Empire. It is in the form of an egg, but little larger than a turkey's, and, to outward appearance, nothing but such an egg as might be picked up in any farmyard. But inside of the shell there is such a delicate mechanism that an accurate description of it is well nigh impossible, and to get a fair idea of the limits to which human skill may reach it is necessary to see this marvel. The egg-shell is divided into two parts, but so closely and skilfully are they joined that the naked eye fails to discover the line of junction. The tiny works by which its different parts are operated are a lot of microscopic springs and diminutive wheels, so small that the largest of the lot hardly rivals in size those small spangles which are used in gold lace embroidery.

The arrangement is such that once in each hour the two shells, which are hinged at the base, fly apart with a spring, displaying to view a gorgeous tulip, so artistically and truthfully colored that one can hardly believe it has not been plucked from a flower bed instead of being a production of art. The petals of the tulip slowly unfold, opening one after the other, until the flower is full blown. Within it stands a wee church, with belfry, on the outside of which is a small dial plate, where the tiniest hands point the hour. The latter are so very small that, placed next to them, the finest needle seems monstrous. The hour strikes with a fairy like tinkling, the church slowly revolves on its axis, when the rear comes to view, exposing the works to the sight. Then the petals of the tulip fold together again, the shells of the egg rejoin, and for another hour the whole seems to the uninitiated beholder nothing but a common egg.—*New Orleans Times.*

A Chapter From Real Life.

In the largest and most splendid metropolis of our country; the centre of our wealth and commerce; a city which is the most gorgeous outcome of our showy civilization, there was enacted, the other day, a tragedy well calculated to make the angels weep and men blush with shame.

A wretched workingman and his wife, living in a miserable attic, found themselves out of work. They parted little by little with everything that could be pawned, and the man tramped the streets wearily day after day begging, not for for money or bread, but for work. Night after night, when he returned unsuccessful, his brave wife with a mighty effort threw off her sadness and greeted him with a forced cheerfulness. It was of the utmost importance to keep up the breadwinner's spirits, and his wife never gave way to her despair in his presence. There was a baby, too, to be thought of, and even when the last penny had been spent the neighbors heard the woman singing to the child and its father. For days after the money was all gone the little family managed to live. At night the woman slipped out and picked up crusts of bread and other scraps of food. But this could not go on forever. The husband and wife consulted together. Should they try another world? They did not know what the consequences would be, but it seemed to them that it would be a blessed escape from the selfishness and inhumanity of mankind.

They succeeded in obtaining a little poison, and they died together. They did not have the heart to kill the baby. Half crazed as they were, they thought perhaps that people would look tenderly upon the orphan of such a frightful tragedy, and give it bread instead of a stone. All this is horrible, but the short and simple annals of the poor are full of just such horrors.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the great guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.

A PROCESS has been discovered for producing photographs on metal.

"Ah me!" sighed Potts, "I'm tired of living,
The world is full of woe and pain."
"Come now!" said his chum, "I know the symptoms;
It's all your liver—that's very plain.

"You need not suffer, for help is easy;
Pierce's Pellets going it to the place.
A friend to the bilious,' I well might call them,
There's nothing be ter; they suit your case."

Potts ceased his sighing and bought the "Pellets,"
No more he mourneth his hapless lot!
His face is cheerful, his heart is lightsome,
His melancholy is qu te forgot!

ABOUT 20,000 miles of railroad are projected for construction this year and next.

Popular Education.

We sympathize with the feeling which often leads citizens to boast that no child born in this country need grow up in ignorance, and yet in the fact that many people who have learned to read and write have never taught themselves to *think*. A man who suffered from catarrh, consumption, bronchitis, scrofula, or any other complaint, might read, till his eyes dropped out, how these and many other diseases have been cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, but if he did not take the lesson to himself and test the virtues of this great medicine, his time would be thrown away.

A ST. LOUIS firm has orders all the way from Europe for sawed hardwood lumber.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures when every other so-called remedy fails.

HENRY CLAY was in the Senate of the United States at 29, contrary to the Constitution.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

That Tired Feeling

Is experienced by almost every one at this season, and many people resort to Hood's Sarsaparilla to drive away the languor and exhaustion. The blood, laden with impurities which have been accumulating for months, moves sluggishly through the veins, the mind fails to think quickly, and the body is still slower to respond. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what is needed. It purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, makes the head clear, creates an appetite, overcomes that tired feeling, tones the nervous system, and imparts new strength and vigor to the whole body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is proven to be so vastly superior to any other sarsaparilla, or blood purifier, that one has well said: "Its healing effects upon the blood and entire human organism are as much more positive than the remedies of a quarter of a century ago as the steam power of to-day is in advance of the slow and laborious drudgery of years ago."

Nearly everybody needs a good spring medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla to expel impurities which accumulate in the blood during the winter, keep up strength, as warm weather comes on, create an appetite and promote healthy digestion. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will be convinced of its peculiar merits. It is the ideal spring medicine—reliable, beneficial, pleasant to take, and gives full value for the money.

"I take Hood's Sarsaparilla as a spring tonic, and I recommend it to all who have that miserable tired feeling." C. PARMELEE, 349 Bridge street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Make the Weak Strong

"My appetite was poor, I could not sleep, had headache a great deal, pains in my back, my bowels did not move regularly. Hood's Sarsaparilla in a short time did me so much good that I feel like a new man. My pains and aches are no more, my appetite improved. I say to others try Hood's Sarsaparilla." G. F. JACKSON, Roxbury Station, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

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Highest Honors at all Great World's Exhibitions since 1867. 100 styles, $22 to $900. For Cash, Easy Payments, or Rented. Catalogue, 40 pp., 4to, free.

PIANOS.

Mason & Hamlin do not hesitate to make the extraordinary claim that their Pianos are superior to all others. This they attribute solely to the remarkable improvement introduced by them in 1882, now known as the "MASON & HAMLIN PIANO STRINGER." Full particulars by mail.

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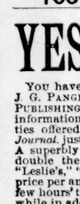

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Apply Balm into each nostril.

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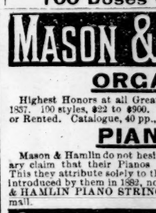

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HE PAYS the FREIGHT

On Wagon Scales, Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass Tare Beam and Beam Box for

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Every size Scale. For free price list mention this paper and address

JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

MYSTERIOUS FATALITIES.

What is it That is Killing so Many Prominent Men?

The death of Kaiser Wilhelm, ex-Governor Hoffman, Banker J. W. Drexel, Lieut. Gov. Dorsheimer, Dr. Carpenter, Chief Justice Waite and Gen. B. H. Brewster, in quick succession, and all from the same cause, although having different names, is startling.

March and April are fatal months, not only for consumptives, but also for many diseases more disguised but none the less fatal.

Gov. Hoffman had heart disease, Gov. Dorsheimer, apparently a strong, well, robust man, over six feet high, sickens and dies in four days of pneumonia.

Chief Justice Waite meets the same fate and he was apparently the personification of vigor.

Drexel, the Philadelphia banker, and Brewster, ex-Atty. Genl., were suddenly cut off in the midst of great usefulness, by Bright's disease, and Dr. Carpenter, the well-known New York physician, suddenly died of Kidney disease, *never having suspected* that he was at all troubled therewith!

This reminds us of the case of Dr. Frank Hawthorn, of New Orleans. He was lecturing before the Louisiana university on the peculiarly deceptive character of Kidney disease and the methods of miscroscopical and chemical tests.

After having shown specimen after specimen of diseased fluids, and made very clear the point that kidney disease may exist without the knowledge or suspicion of the patient or practitioner, with gracious self-confidence he remarked: "Now, gentlemen, let me show you the healthy water of a strong, well man."

He applies the test!

He staggers!

"Gentlemen, I have made a terrible discovery!" he gasps, "I myself have the fatal Bright's disease!"

In less than a year this specialist of the commonest and most fatal of diseases was dead. He was a victim of advanced Kidney disease, the presence of which in himself he had never suspected!

L. B. PRICE, M. D., a gentleman and physician of the highest standing of Hanover C. H., Va., four years ago, after trying every other remedy for bright's disease, including famous mineral waters, cured himself by Warner's Safe Cure, and March 24, 1888, wrote: "I am entirely free from the slightest symptoms of my old and fearful trouble."

MR. JOHN DOHERTY, of Concord, N. H., was given up with Bright's disease by the best physicians in 1879. He was in a dreadful state. After using and being cured in 1881 by Warner's Safe Cure, in 1887, he wrote: "I am better than ever."

JOHN COLEMAN, Esq., 100 Gregory St., New Haven, Conn., was first taken sick in 1873, gradually ran down until he had pronounced Bright's disease, rheumatism and all other deceptive signs of kidney disease. The best physicians in New Haven could do nothing for him. He then began using Warner's Safe Cure. Two bottles of which he and his family have used, and he is cured.

W. T. CRAWFORD, proprietor St. Charles Hotel, Richmond, Va., and well known all through the South, several years ago was in the death agony from kidney disease, convulsions and bright's disease. The best Philadelphia specialists in such diseases pronounced him practically dead and incurable. Everything else failing, he took Warner's Safe Cure abundantly and regularly, until fully restored to health, and now he says: "After a lapse of many years I am as sound as a dollar, and with no symptom of my old trouble. I owe my life to Warner's Safe Cure.

Kidney disease is the most deceptive, the most universal, the most fatal disease.

If the most learned men cannot know without the use of microscopical and chemical tests that they have kidney disease, *how much more liable is the layman to be, unknown to himself, the victim of the ghastly form of death*, who does not feel as well as formerly, but who does not think anything specially ails him, and whose physician may assure him that he will soon be "all right."

In these days people recognize that it is wiser to prevent disease than to await its arrival to cure it. When you know that you may be in the greatest peril and not have any idea of the fact from any defined set of ill feelings, the wisest course to pursue is to follow the counsel and experience above outlined, and thoroughly renovate the system, cleanse the blood, tone the nerves and insure your own life against these common, mysterious fatalities.

Fashionable Women's Whims.

The extent to which money is wasted on a fashionable woman's whim was illustrated to me the other day. I was in the shop of a well-known florist on Broadway when a lady came in from a private coach. She purchased three huge roses, for which she paid $5, and carried them daintily away by their long stems. An hour later, going by Delmonico's, I saw my lady of the roses lunching at one of the windows with a companion of her own sex. Fifteen minutes afterward, returning by the same way, I noted that the table where they sat was vacant. Three bare rose stems lay amid the dishes, which were buried in rose leaves. The lady of the roses had plucked $5 worth of flowers to pieces in a few minutes' idle conversation after her luncheon! Neither